CITY OF JONESBORO, GEORGIA

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022



Prepared by: Jonesboro Finance Department

CITY OF JONESBORO, GEORGIA ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

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June 22, 2023

To the Honorable Mayor, Distinguished Members of City Council and the Citizens of the City of Jonesboro, Georgia:

State law requires that all general-purpose local governments publish within six months of the close of each fiscal year a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by a firm of licensed certified public accountants. Pursuant to that requirement, I hereby issue the annual comprehensive financial report of the City of Jonesboro, Georgia (the "City") for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022.

The annual comprehensive financial report (ACFR) consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the City of Jonesboro, Georgia. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the City of Jonesboro, Georgia has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the City's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the City's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the City of Jonesboro's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

The City of Jonesboro's financial statements have been audited by Fulton and Kozak, LLC, a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City of Jonesboro for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the City of Jonesboro's financial statements for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

Government Auditing Standards requires the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the audited government's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements. This report is included in this annual comprehensive financial report.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City of Jonesboro's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

Profile of the Government

The City of Jonesboro, incorporated in 1859, is the county seat for Clayton County, Georgia, and lies within the Metropolitan Atlanta area approximately ten miles south of Atlanta-Hartsfield International Airport and 15 miles south of Atlanta's downtown business district. The City enjoys access to interstate highways I-75 and I-285, as well as US Highway 19/41 that traverses north to south and is known as Tara Boulevard. The City of Jonesboro currently occupies a land area of 2.6 square miles and a population of 4,753 citizens and serves a daytime population of over 12,000 people.

The City of Jonesboro is empowered to levy a property tax on both real and personal properties located within its boundaries. It is also empowered by state laws to extend its corporate limits by annexation, which occurs periodically when deemed appropriate by the governing council.

The City of Jonesboro is a municipal corporation created by and chartered through the laws of the State of Georgia. The City operates under the Council-Manager form of government. Policymaking and legislative authority are vested in the governing council, which consists of a mayor and a six-member council. The governing body is responsible for, among other things, approving ordinances, adopting the budget, appointing committees, and hiring the City Manager and the City Attorney. The City Manager is responsible for carrying out the policies and ordinances of the governing body and overseeing the day-to-day operations of the City. The City Manager is vested with the authority and responsibility to provide for the effective and efficient delivery of municipal services and to attend to the management of municipal affairs within legislative and legal parameters established by federal, state and local laws and legislations.

The council is elected on a non-partisan basis. Councilmembers are elected to a four-year staggered term with three council persons elected every two years. The mayor is elected for a four-year term. The mayor and the sitting council members are elected at large, without regard to specific residency within the City. Each member of the Governing body is required to reside within the City.

The City provides a full range of services, including police protection; solid waste; planning and zoning; recreational activities and cultural events. Additional information on the individual funds which perform these services can be found in Note 1 in the footnotes section of the financial statements.

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the City of Jonesboro's financial planning and control. All departments of the City are required to submit a departmental plan for appropriation to the City Manager by the end of August. The City Manager uses this request as the starting point for developing a proposed budget. The City Manager then presents this proposed budget to the Council for review prior to December 15th. The Council is required to hold public hearings on the

proposed budget and to adopt a final budget by no later than December 31, the close of the City's fiscal year. The proposed budget is prepared by fund, function, (e.g., public safety) and department (e.g., police). Department directors may request transfers of appropriations within a department. These transfers require the approval of the City Manager. Transfers of appropriations between departments or an increase in any salary category require the approval of the Governing body. Budget to actual comparison is provided in this report for each governmental fund for which a budget has been adopted. For the General Fund and the Urban Redevelopment Agency, this comparison is presented as part of the basic financial statements for the governmental funds. For governmental funds, other than the General Fund and the Urban Redevelopment Agency with appropriated annual budgets, this comparison is presented beginning on page 53 for the capital projects and special revenue funds.

Factors Affecting Financial Condition

The information presented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which the City of Jonesboro operates.

Current Economic Condition

Jonesboro offers business and industry the convenience and access that comes with convenient proximity to Hartsfield-Jackson Atlanta International airport. The City is serviced by 2 major interstates and a railroad mainline that can handle multiple trains per day, connecting the City to Georgia's 5,000 miles of rails lines capable of transport more than 70 million gross tons per year.

The local economy continues to experience growth post COVID-19 pandemic. Local option sales tax revenues continue to increase from the prior year's receipts. An analysis of hotel-motel occupancy tax revenues at the time of this letter reveals that by the end of Fiscal Year 2023 the occupancy levels will have fully recovered from the impacts of the pandemic. The assessed values of properties have increased, and we expect the same trend for the next fiscal year in response to the nationwide housing demands and increased commercial and residential development. The local unemployment rate is 4.7%, significantly lower than the 8.9% unemployment rates experienced in 2020 and slightly higher than the 4.1% unemployment rates of 2021.

Long-term Financial Planning

The City's long-term financial health is dependent on continuing economic growth and diversification of the City's revenue base. Jonesboro remains undeterred in its efforts to transform itself into a pedestrian-friendly destination locale complete with quality restaurants, upscale shopping and modern and attractive housing options.

Construction of the Jonesboro Broad Street Plaza and City Green was completed in fiscal year 2021. The new Plaza is a keystone in the larger efforts to revitalize the downtown area and is expected to attract businesses and patronage to the area. The City Green can be leased/rented for private or public functions at customary rates. Post pandemic, the economy is showing signs of recovery and stability resulting in a steady level of activity of these new amenities and proving that these initiatives were wise investments of the city resources.

The City renovated and expanded what is now known as Lee Street Park. It was formerly an under-utilized greenspace that has been revitalized into a 5.7-acre park area that connects to the downtown commercial district and residential neighborhoods. Lee Street Park features a fountain, playground, walking trail and a weekend farmer's market. The park has two stages. As part of our efforts to promote the city as a destination spot for locals and visitors to eat, work, and play, the City hosts an annual free summer concert series from May through August that draws thousands of attendees. Lee Street Park, directly across the street from Lee Street Elementary School, has become a popular downtown destination and was awarded a Development of Excellence Award from ARC in 2016. Visitors and residents can be seen walking the trails or playing on the playground daily. The revitalization of the Jonesboro Lee Street Park has been a great addition to the City.

The City completed the construction of a new multi-million dollar City Center municipal complex adjacent to Lee Street Park in 2022. In October the new two-story facility became the new location for the City's administrative staff, Public Safety, Community Development, Code Enforcement and Municipal Court personnel. The building features state-of-the-art technology and amenities. It has an open atrium and space for community gatherings and events.

In early 2022, the City supported the construction of a new Senior Citizen residence facility, Hearthside Jonesboro, to be located at the intersection of North Avenue and Main Street. This housing option will be within walking distance to dining, recreational facilities, banking, and other amenities. The facility is scheduled to open its doors in fall of 2023.

Economic development continues to be an area of focus and consideration on the part of the governing body of the City of Jonesboro. The purpose and focus is designed to influence the direction of private sector investment toward opportunities that can lead to sustained economic growth for its citizens and the community at-large. Sustained economic growth provides sufficient incomes for Jonesboro's local labor force, profitable business opportunities for employers, and tax revenues for maintaining the infrastructure to support this continued growth. Unlike community development which is a process for making a community a better place to live and work, economic development is purely and simply the creation of wealth in which community benefits are created. To this end, the City of Jonesboro's primary economic initiatives continue to focus on the following:

- Business Retention and Expansion enhancing existing businesses.
- Business Expansion & Start-ups- attracting new business.

Major Initiatives

During the 2021 fiscal year, the City received approximately \$1,852,000 in State and Local Fiscal Recovery funds. This program has allowed the City to rebound from the effects of the pandemic and resume expanding governmental services as outlined in the OPB guidance provided by the US Treasure Department. In 2022, These funds served to support the installation of the Information Technology infrastructure at the new City Center. Future plans for the funds include expansion of Broadband connectivity and support of city businesses.

Management Discussion and Analysis

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

Awards

The City of Jonesboro does intend to submit this report to the Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) for its consideration for awarding the Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting for the fiscal year 2022 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR). Management believes that the report meets the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements for the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized annual comprehensive financial report, whose contents conform to program standards. The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) will be considering this second submission for the award. The Certificate of Achievement is a prestigious national award recognizing conformance with the highest standards for preparation of state and local government financial reports.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only.

Acknowledgements

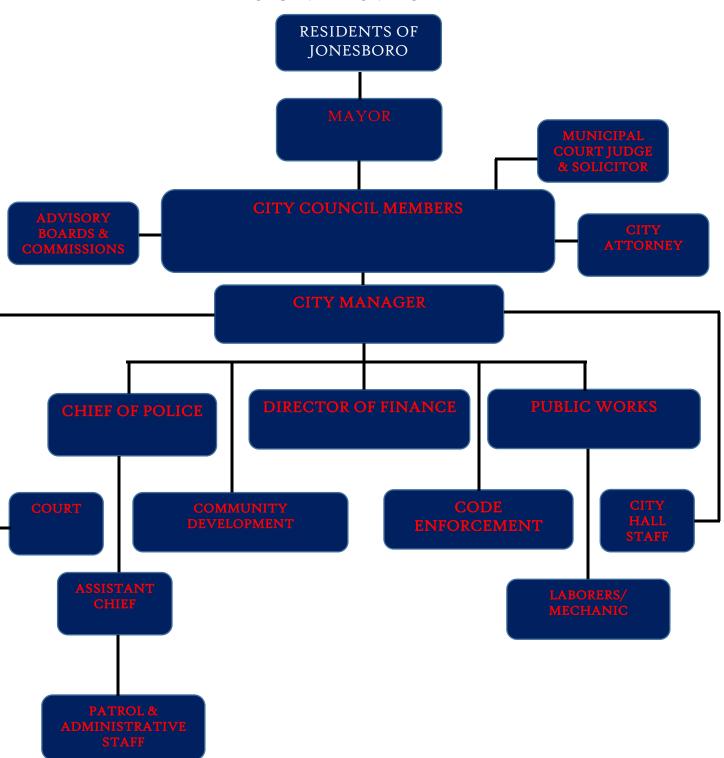
The preparation of this report could not have been accomplished without the efficient and dedicated services of the entire staff of the City of Jonesboro. Each member of each department has our sincere thanks and appreciation for the contributions and assistance made in the preparation of this report. Without the leadership and support of the governing body of the City of Jonesboro, presentation of this report would not have been possible.

We also thank the Finance Staff, Mayor, and members of City Council for their interest and support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the City in a professional, responsible, and progressive manner.

Respectfully submitted,

Nina M. Robinson Finance Director

CITY OF JONESBORO ORGANIZATIONAL CHART



PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS



Mayor Donya Sartor



Alfred Dixon



Don Dixon



Bobby Lester



Tracey Messick



Billy Powell



Ed Wise

LISTING OF PRINCIPAL APPOINTED OFFICIALS

Interim City Manager, David Allen

DEPARTMENT DIRECTORS

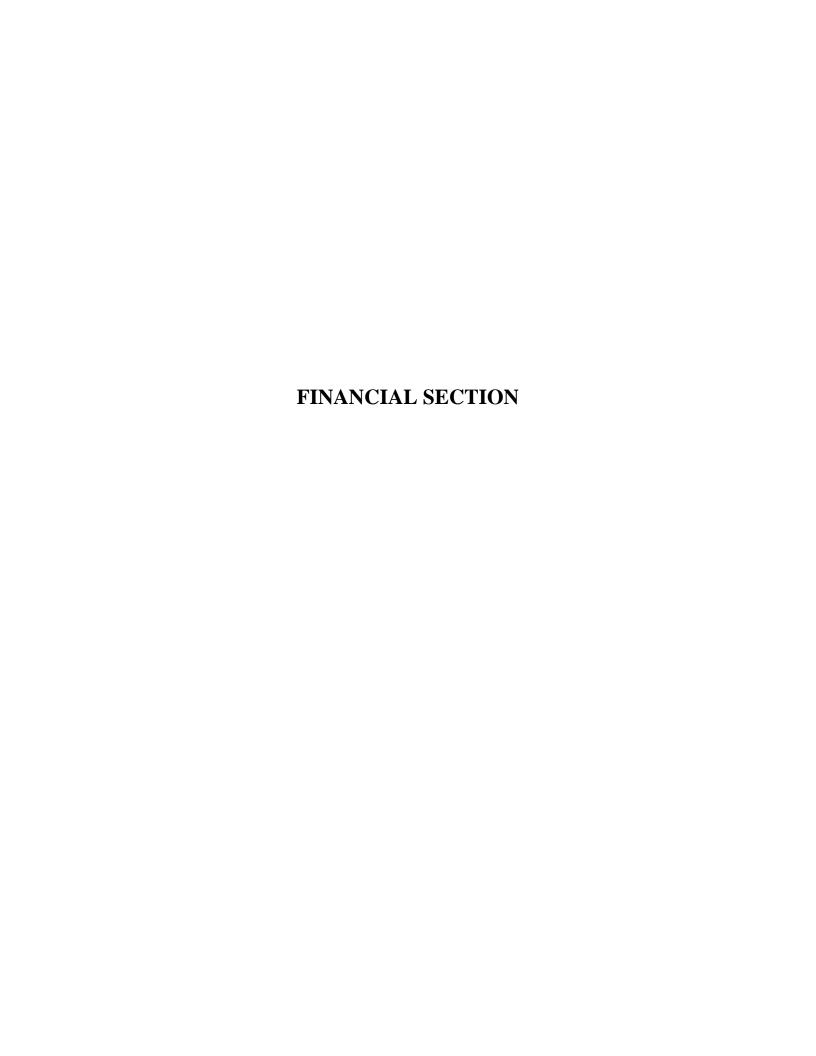
Tommy L. Henderson	Chief of Police
Derry Walker	Code Enforcement Officer
Shenika Wright	Court Administrator
David Allen	Director of Community Development
Nina Robinson	Director of Finance
John Burdin	Director of Public Works
Andrew Simpson	
Rodney Virgil	Information Technology Specialist
Melissa Brooks	

CITY ATTORNEY

Fincher Denmark, LLC

CITY JUDGE

Chief Judge Charles Keith Wood Jr.





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of City Council City of Jonesboro, Georgia

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Jonesboro, Georgia ("City") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Jonesboro, Georgia as of December 31, 2022 and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof, and the budgetary comparisons for the General Fund and the Urban Redevelopment Agency thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City of Jonesboro, Georgia, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of Jonesboro, Georgia's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exits. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial

likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Jonesboro, Georgia's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of Jonesboro, Georgia's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, amount other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 4 through 11, the Schedule of Changes in the City's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios on pages 45-46, and the Schedule of City Contributions on pages 47-48 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Jonesboro, Georgia's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, and the Schedule of Projects Constructed with Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements themselves, and other

additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules and the Schedule of Projects Constructed with Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory section but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated June 22, 2023, on our consideration of the City of Jonesboro, Georgia's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Jonesboro, Georgia's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering City of Jonesboro, Georgia's internal control over financial reporting and compliance. Fulter + Frysk, LLC

June 22, 2023

CITY OF JONESBORO MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of the City of Jonesboro, we offer readers of the City of Jonesboro's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Jonesboro for fiscal year ended December 31, 2022.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at December 31, 2022 by \$27,995,924 (*net position*). Of this amount, \$6,050,008 (*unrestricted net position*) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The government's total net position increased by \$2,460,392.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$9,248,824, a decrease of \$6,269,718 in comparison with the prior year. Of this amount \$140,334 is non-spendable, \$2,674,485 is restricted, \$475,312 is assigned, and \$5,958,693 is unassigned. The unassigned of \$5,958,693 consists of various assets netted against their respective liabilities. See page 17 for a detail and reconciliation to the governmental activities net position.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$5,958,693 or 91 percent of total general fund expenditures.
- The City's total long-term debt decreased by \$596,774 during the current fiscal year. Components of this change include payments made on bond payable and financed purchases netted with new financed purchases issued in the current year.

Overview of the financial statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges. The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety, street, sanitation, and public works. The business-type activity of the City is solid waste management. The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 12 through 14 of this report.

Fund financial statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The City of Jonesboro maintains thirteen individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, the eight special revenue funds, and the four capital project funds.

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund and special revenue funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for these funds to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 15 through 20 of this report.

Proprietary fund. The City maintains one type of proprietary fund. *Enterprise funds* (a component of proprietary funds) are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses a utility enterprise fund to account for its sanitation operation.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the sanitation operation which is considered to be a major fund of the City.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 23 through 25 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 26 through 44 of this report.

Government-wide financial analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City of Jonesboro, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$27,995,924 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

A portion of the City's net position (69 percent) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, and equipment), less any related debt that is still outstanding used to acquire those assets. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

City of Jonesboro, Georgia Net Position Governmental Activities

	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>Change</u>
Current and other assets \$ Capital assets Total assets	11,690,610 40,851,209 52,541,819	\$ 18,255,558 32,823,108 51,078,666	\$ (6,564,948) <u>8,028,101</u> <u>1,463,153</u>
Deferred outflows of resources	44,795	128,454	(83,659)
Current liabilities Long-term liabilities Total liabilities	2,457,181 21,983,120 24,440,301	2,839,389 22,579,893 25,419,282	(382,208) (596,773) (978,981)
Deferred inflows of resources	433,944	554,811	(120,867)
Net position: Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	19,128,062 2,674,485 5,909,822	10,263,491 8,059,881 6,909,655	8,864,571 (5,385,396) (999,833)
Total net position \$_	27,712,369	\$ 25,233,027	\$ <u>2,479,342</u>

City of Jonesboro, Georgia Net Position Business-Type Activities

	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>Change</u>
Current and other assets	305,929	\$ 303,674	\$ 2,255
Capital assets	143,369	188,830	(45,461)
Total assets	449,298	492,504	(43,206)
Current liabilities	165,743	189,999	(24,256)
Total liabilities	165,743	189,999	(24,256)
Net position:			
Net investment in capital assets	s 143,369	188,830	(45,461)
Unrestricted	140,186	113,675	26,511
Total net position	283,555	\$ 302,505	\$ (18,950)
	City of Jonesboro, Go	eorgia	
	Net Position	-	
	Total		
	10441		
	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	Change
Current and other assets	11,996,539	\$ 18,559,232	\$ (6,562,693)
Capital assets	40,994,578	33,011,938	7,982,640
Total assets	52,991,117	51,571,170	1,419,947
Deferred outflows of resources	44,795	128,454	(83,659)
Current liabilities	2,622,924	3,029,388	(406,464)
Long-term liabilities	21,983,120	22,579,893	(596,773)
Total liabilities	24,606,044	25,609,281	(1,003,237)
Deferred inflows of resources	433,944	554,811	(120,867)
Net position:			
Net investment in capital assets	s 19,271,431	10,452,321	8,819,110
Restricted	2,674,485	8,059,881	(5,385,396)
Unrestricted	6,050,008	7,023,330	(973,322)
Total net position	27,995,924	\$ 25,535,532	\$ 2,460,392

Governmental activities: Governmental activities increased the City's net position by \$2,479,342. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

City of Jonesboro, Georgia Change in Net Position

(In millions of dollars)

		rnmental tivities		ness-type tivities	Tota	al
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021
Revenue:						
Program Revenues:						
Charges for services	\$ 3.4	\$ 2.8	\$ 0.3	\$ 0.2	\$ 3.7	\$ 3.0
Capital grants and contributions	2.0	1.7	0.0	0.0	2.0	1.7
General Revenues:						
Taxes	4.1	3.6	0.0	0.0	4.1	3.6
Other	0.4	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.4	0.2
Total Revenues	9.9	8.2	0.3	0.2	10.2	8.5
Expenses: Primary government:						
Administrative	1.5	1.5	0.0	0.0	1.5	1.5
Police	3.3	3.2	0.0	0.0	3.3	3.2
Streets and public works	2.0	2.4	0.0	0.0	2.0	2.4
Community development	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0
Interest on long-term debt	0.5	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.5
Solid waste	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.2
Total Expenses	7.4	<u>7.7</u>	0.3	0.2	<u>7.7</u>	8.0
Increase in net position	2.5	0.5	0.0	0.0	2.5	0.5
Net position – beginning of year	25.2	24.8	0.3	0.3	25.5	25.1
Net position – end of year	\$ <u>27.7</u>	\$ <u>25.2</u>	\$ <u>0.3</u>	\$ <u>0.3</u>	\$ <u>28.0</u>	\$ <u>25.5</u>

- Charges for services increased by 23.1% or \$647,012 primarily due to school zone cameras put into service in 2022.
- Capital grants and contributions increased by 20.0% or \$339,829 primarily due to ARPA funds that were utilized in 2022.
- Property taxes increased by 44.7% or \$446,572 primarily due to an increase in the City's digest, resulting from an increase in local real estate market values.
- Other revenue increased by 263.7% or \$263,658 primarily due to public safety initiatives and inkind goods received in 2022, and a loss on disposal of capital assets in the 2021.
- Streets and public works expenses decreased by 16.4% or \$394,734 primarily due to bond issuance fees in 2021.

Business-type activities: Business-type activities decreased the City's net position by \$18,950. The decrease in 2022 is due to the increase in contract labor expense for sanitation truck driver.

Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the City of Jonesboro's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City of Jonesboro's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$9,248,824, a decrease of \$6,269,718 in comparison with the prior year. Of this amount, \$5,958,693 constitutes *unassigned fund balance*, which is available for spending at the City's discretion.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$5,958,693. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare unassigned fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 91 percent of total general fund expenditures.

The fund balance of the City's general fund decreased by \$1,004,145 during the current year. The primary factor in this decrease was the transfer to the Capital Improvements Fund to cover capital expenditures for the City Center.

The SPLOST 2021 fund balance increased by \$722,121 during the current year, due to the City not spending all of the funds received in the current year.

The Urban Redevelopment Agency fund balance decreased by \$5,740,199 during the current year due to the amount of capital expenditures in the current year for the City Center. No new funding was received for the URA in 2022.

The Capital Improvements fund balance increased by \$433,472 during the current year due to transfers from the General Fund to cover capital expenditures for the City Center.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The final Police personal services and employee benefits budget exceeds the original budget by \$111,756 due to personnel related costs related to overtime and payout of staff leave accruals to employees who resigned with high leave accrual balances. Additionally, the adopted budget did not include the Professional Services that are included but netted against the monthly revenue transmittal associate with school zone traffic enforced efforts.

The final Street and Public Works personal services and employee benefits budget is less than the original budget by \$114,800 primarily due to staff attrition and understaffing that existed throughout the year in the department.

The final Police current expenditures budget exceeds the original budget by \$406,794 due to costs of vehicle repairs and fuel costs that came with the additional vehicles added to the fleet.

The final Street and Public Works current expenditures budget is less than the original budget by \$64,700 primarily due to the revised need to spend funds on Christmas decorations for the new Jonesboro City Center.

The final Police capital outlay budget exceeds the original budget by \$140,157 primarily due to the requirement to capitalize the financed purchase payments that were budgeted in the operating expense category versus capital expenses category.

Actual revenues were more than the final budget by \$1,487,362. This was primarily the result of increases in the property taxes, sales tax revenue, fines and forfeitures revenue, and school zone traffic controls revenue received in 2022.

Actual expenditures were less than budgeted by \$59,119 which was primarily due to the City working to keep other expenditures down because of the construction of the City Center.

Capital assets and debt administration

Capital assets. The City's investment in capital assets as of December 31, 2022, amounts to \$40,994,578 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements, vehicles, machinery and equipment, and infrastructure. The total increase in the City's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was 24.2%.

City of Jonesboro, Georgia Capital Assets

	Governmental	Business-type	Total			
	Activities	Activities	Current	<u>Prior</u>		
Land	\$ 2,406,550	\$ -	\$ 2,406,550	\$ 2,406,550		
Buildings	19,969,699	-	19,969,699	3,146,280		
Improvements	94,701	-	94,701	94,701		
Vehicles	1,188,793	390,730	1,579,523	1,269,634		
Machinery and equipment	1,753,949	42,052	1,796,001	898,887		
Infrastructure	23,245,586	-	23,245,586	23,245,586		
Construction in progress	-	-	-	8,361,818		
Parks and recreation	3,514,265	-	3,514,265	3,514,265		
Less accumulated depreciation	(11,322,334)	(289,413)	(11,611,747)	(9,925,783)		
Net	\$ <u>40,851,209</u>	\$ <u>143,369</u>	\$ <u>40,994,578</u>	\$ <u>33,011,938</u>		

Additional information on the City of Jonesboro's capital assets can be found in Note 4-D on page 35 and 36 of this report.

Long-term debt. At the end of the current year, the City had total bond debt outstanding of \$21,200,000; financed purchases outstanding of \$384,399; and installment debt outstanding of \$86,973. The full amount comprises debt backed by the full faith and credit of the City.

Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in Note 4-F on pages 37 through 38 of this report.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Jonesboro's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to:

The Office of the City Clerk City of Jonesboro 1859 City Center Way Jonesboro, Georgia 30236

CITY OF JONESBORO, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2022

Assets	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
_	\$ 10,019,102	\$ 305,929	\$ 10,325,031
Receivables	Ψ 10,019,102	Ψ 303,727	ψ 10,323,031
Taxes	552,375	_	552,375
Intergovernmental	301,796	_	301,796
Other	568,285	_	568,285
Prepaid items	18,908		18,908
Property held for sale	202,076	_	202,076
Internal balances	202,070	_	202,070
Restricted assets: cash	28,068	_	28,068
Capital assets:	20,000	_	20,000
Land	2,406,550	_	2,406,550
Buildings	19,969,699	_	19,969,699
Improvements	94,701	_	94,701
Vehicles	1,188,793	390,730	1,579,523
Machinery and equipment	1,753,949	42,052	1,796,001
Infrastructure	23,245,586	42,032	23,245,586
Construction in progress	23,243,360	-	23,243,360
Parks and recreation	3,514,265	-	3,514,265
	(11,322,334)	(289,413)	(11,611,747)
Accumulated depreciation Total assets		449,298	52,991,117
Total assets	52,541,819	449,298	<u> 32,991,117</u>
Deferred outflows of resources			
Pension	44,795	_	44,795
Total deferred outflows of resources	44,795		44,795
Liabilities			
Accounts payable	1,105,010	8,391	1,113,401
Accounts payable – retainage	51,775	-	51,775
Intergovernmental payables	2,388	-	2,388
Accrued liabilities			
Payroll deductions	33,355	92	33,447
Accrued expenses	78,450	-	78,450
Accrued salaries	77,298	-	77,298
Accrued interest	208,473	-	208,473
Unearned revenue	900,432	157,260	1,057,692
Long-term liabilities			
Note payable due within one year	5,931	-	5,931
Financed purchases due within one year	190,425	_	190,425
Bond payable due within one year	1,005,000	_	1,005,000
Note payable due in more than one year	81,042	-	81,042
Financed purchases due in more than one ye	ear 193,974	_	193,974
Bond payable due in more than one year	20,195,000	-	20,195,000
Compensated absences	160,298	-	160,298
Net pension liability	151,450		151,450
	\$ 24,440,301	\$ 165,743	\$ 24,606,044

CITY OF JONESBORO, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION – (CONTINUED) DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Deferred inflows of resources Pension	\$ 433,944	\$ -	\$ 433,944
Total deferred inflows of resources	433,944		433,944
Net position			
Net investment in capital assets	19,128,062	143,369	19,271,431
Restricted for –			
Capital projects	2,447,577	-	2,447,577
Police activities	105,298	-	105,298
Hotel/Motel	121,610	-	121,610
Unrestricted	5,909,822	140,186	6,050,008
Total net position	\$ 27,712,369	\$ 283,555	\$ <u>27,995,924</u>

CITY OF JONESBORO, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

		Program	Revenues	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position				
		Charges	Capital		Business-			
		For	Grants and	Governmental	Type			
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total		
Governmental activities:								
Administrative	\$ 1,509,906	\$ 1,078,315	\$ 434,751	\$ 3,160	\$ -	\$ 3,160		
Police	3,292,857	2,061,488	114,154	(1,117,215)	-	(1,117,215)		
Streets and public works	2,005,266	-	1,490,924	(514,342)	-	(514,342)		
Community Development	118,234	307,209	-	188,975	-	188,975		
Interest on long-term debt	549,590	_		(549,590)		(549,590)		
Total governmental activities	7,475,853	3,447,012	2,039,829	(1,989,012)		(1,989,012)		
Business-type activities:								
Sanitation	282,228	262,817	=	=	(19,411)	(19,411)		
Total business-type activities	282,228	262,817	=	=	(19,411)	(19,411)		
Total	\$ <u>7,758,081</u>	\$ <u>3,709,829</u>	\$ <u>2,039,829</u>	\$ <u>(1,989,012)</u>	\$ <u>(19,411)</u>	\$ <u>(2,008,423)</u>		
	General revenue	es:						
	Property tax	es		\$ 1,446,572	\$ -	\$ 1,446,572		
	Franchise ta	xes		365,515	-	365,515		
	Sales taxes			1,939,222	-	1,939,222		
	Alcoholic be	everage taxes		248,898	-	248,898		
	Hotel motel	taxes		84,489	-	84,489		
	Investment e	earnings		14,590	-	14,590		
	Contribution	ns not restricted to sp	pecific programs	130,065	-	130,065		
	Miscellaneo	us		239,003	461	239,464		
	Total general r	revenues		4,468,354	461	4,468,815		
	Change in net	position		2,479,342	(18,950)	2,460,392		
	Net position –	beginning of period	I	25,233,027	302,505	25,535,532		
	Net position –	end of period		\$ <u>27,712,369</u>	\$ <u>283,555</u>	\$ <u>27,995,924</u>		

CITY OF JONESBORO, GEORGIA BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2022

		General Fund		SPLOST 2021	Red	Urban evelopment Agency	In	Capital nprovement Fund		Nonmajor overnmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets											
Current assets:											
Cash	\$	5,271,837	\$	1,455,734	\$	-	\$	630,176	\$	2,661,355	\$ 10,019,102
Restricted cash		28,068		-		-		-		-	28,068
Taxes receivable		552,375		-		-		-		-	552,375
Intergovernmental receivables		73,182		228,614		-		-		-	301,796
Other receivables		562,455		-		-		-		5,830	568,285
Due from other funds		93,169		-		-		740,733		14,032	847,934
Prepaid items		16,516		-		-		-		2,392	18,908
Properties held for sale		123,818	_	<u>-</u>		60,018		<u> </u>		18,240	202,076
Total current assets	_	6,721,420	_	1,684,348		60,018		1,370,909	_	2,701,849	12,538,544
Total assets	\$_	6,721,420	\$_	1,684,348	\$	60,018	\$	1,370,909	\$_	2,701,849	\$ <u>12,538,544</u>
Liabilities											
Current liabilities:											
Accounts payable	\$	112,144	\$	_	\$	-	\$	885,662	\$	107,204	\$ 1,105,010
Accounts payable – retainage		-		_		-		51,775		-	51,775
Intergovernmental payable		2,388		_		-		_		-	2,388
Payroll deductions		33,355		_		-		_		-	33,355
Accrued expenses		78,450		_		-		_		-	78,450
Accrued wages		77,298		_		-		_		-	77,298
Due to other funds		14,032		-		-		-		833,902	847,934
Unearned revenue		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		899,682	899,682
Total current liabilities	_	317,667	_				_	937,437	_	1,840,788	3,095,892
Deferred inflow of resources											
Unavailable revenue – property taxes	\$_	193,828	\$		\$		\$		\$_	<u>-</u>	\$ <u>193,828</u>

CITY OF JONESBORO, GEORGIA BALANCE SHEET – CONTINUED GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2022

			Urban	Capital	Nonmajor	Total	
	General	SPLOST	Redevelopment	Improvement	Governmental	Governmental	
	Fund	2021	Agency	Fund	Funds	Funds	
Fund balances							
Non-spendable: prepaid items	\$ 16,516	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 16,516	
Non-spendable: properties held for sale	123,818	-	-	-	-	123,818	
Restricted: capital projects	-	1,684,348	-	433,472	329,757	2,447,577	
Restricted: police activities	-	-	-	-	105,298	105,298	
Restricted: hotel/motel	-	-	-	-	121,610	121,610	
Assigned: Main Street	-	-	-	-	286,156	286,156	
Assigned: cemetery	58,645	-	-	-	-	58,645	
Assigned: tree fund	52,253	-	-	-	-	52,253	
Assigned: properties held for sale	-	-	60,018	-	18,240	78,258	
Unassigned	5,958,693	<u> </u>				5,958,693	
Total fund balances	6,209,925	1,684,348	60,018	433,472	861,061	9,248,824	
Total liabilities, deferred inflow of							
resources, and fund balances	\$ <u>6,721,420</u>	\$ <u>1,684,348</u>	\$ <u>60,018</u>	\$ <u>1,370,909</u>	\$ <u>2,701,849</u>	\$ <u>12,538,544</u>	

CITY OF JONESBORO, GEORGIA RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2022

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Net position of governmental activities

Total fund balances – total governmental funds	\$	9,248,824
Amounts reported for government activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		40,851,209
Some of the City's taxes will be collected after year-end, but are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures, and therefore are reported as deferred inflow of resources in the funds.		193,078
Net pension liability		(151,450)
Deferred outflows of resources related to the recording of the net pension liability are recognized as expense over time and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		44,795
Deferred inflows of resources related to the recording of the net pension liability are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are are not reported in the funds.		(433,944)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, financed purchases, notes payable, compensated absences, and accrued interest are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	_((22,040,143)

\$ 27,712,369

CITY OF JONESBORO, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Genera Fund	1	SPLOST 2021	Urban Redevelopment Agency	Capital Improvement Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES							
Taxes	\$ 3,943,9	910 \$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 54,763	\$ 3,998,673
Licenses and permits	1,033,	225	-	-	-	-	1,033,225
Intergovernmental	199,	195	1,202,801	-	-	637,533	2,039,829
Charges for services	45,0)90	-	-	-	-	45,090
Fines and forfeitures	1,978,	767	-	-	-	52,374	2,031,141
Interest on investments	14,		-	-	-	22	14,590
Contributions and donations	130,0)65	-	-	-	-	130,065
Miscellaneous	220,	763	-	-	-	305,699	526,462
Program receipts		_	-	_	-	30,347	30,347
Issuer fees		_	-	_	-	15,332	15,332
Membership fees		_	-	_	-	4,418	4,418
Total revenues	7,565,	383	1,202,801			1,100,488	9,869,172
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
Administrative	1,453,	383	-	_	-	140,059	1,593,942
Police	2,983,	205	-	_	-	154,813	3,138,018
Street and public works	751,0)49	_	-	-	29,334	780,383
Community development		_	-	_	-	112,825	112,825
Capital outlay:							
Administrative	71,	387	-	-	2,549,016	1,095,303	3,715,706
Police	330,9	998	-	-	-	97,619	428,617
Street and public works	90,9	939	-	5,517,383	-	37,121	5,645,443
Debt service:							
Principal	354,	599	-	-	-	6,201	360,900
Interest	546,9	923	-	-	-	3,622	550,545
Total expenditures	6,583,0			5,517,383	2,549,016	1,676,897	16,326,379
Excess of revenues							
over (under) expenditures	\$ 982,	<u>800</u> \$	<u>1,202,801</u>	\$ <u>(5,517,383)</u>	\$ <u>(2,549,016)</u>	\$ (576,409)	\$ <u>(6,457,207)</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

CITY OF JONESBORO, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – CONTINUED GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	General Fund	SPLOST 2021	Urban Redevelopment Agency	Capital Improvement Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Other financing sources:						
Transfers in	\$ 835,566	\$ -	\$ 17,512	\$ 3,000,000	\$ 10,000	\$ 3,863,078
Transfers out	(3,010,000)	(480,680)	(240,328)	(17,512)	(114,558)	(3,863,078)
Financed purchases issued	187,489			<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	187,489
Total other financing sources	(1,986,945)	(480,680)	(222,816)	2,982,488	(104,558)	187,489
Net change in fund balance	(1,004,145)	722,121	(5,740,199)	433,472	(680,967)	(6,269,718)
Fund balance:						
Beginning of period	7,214,070	962,227	5,800,217	-	1,542,028	15,518,542
End of period	\$ 6,209,925	\$ 1,684,348	\$ 60,018	\$ 433,472	\$ 861,061	\$ 9,248,824

CITY OF JONESBORO, GEORGIA RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

statement of activities are different occause.		
Net changes in fund balances – total governmental funds		\$ (6,269,718)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This		
is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.		
Capital outlay for the current period	9,675,602	
Depreciation expense for the current period	(1,644,503)	8,031,099
Property taxes are reported as revenues in the funds when the resources are measurable and available. Property taxes are reported as revenues in the Statement of Activities when they represent a legally enforceable		
claim.		86,023
Governmental funds report proceeds from the sale of capital assets, wherea in the statement of activities, a gain or loss will be reported. Therefore, the change in fund balance will differ from the change in net position by the		
net book value of the capital assets sold.		(2,998)
Repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds, however, has no effect on net position.		
Bond principal payments	170,000	
Financed purchases issued	(187,489)	
	184,699	
Financed purchases principal payments	,	172 411
Note payable principal payments	6,201	173,411
The net pension liability did not require the use of current financial resource and therefore is not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	es	233,311
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		
Accrued interest	955	
Compensated absences	227,259	228,214
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$ <u>2,479,342</u>

CITY OF JONESBORO, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	BUDGET	AMOUNTS		VARIANCE
	ODICINAL	EINAI	ACTUAL	WITH FINAL BUDGET
REVENUES	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	BUDGET
Taxes:				
Property	\$ 1,007,200	\$ 1,087,100	\$ 1,360,549	\$ 273,449
Franchise	332,000	337,000	365,515	28,515
Sales	1,550,000	1,550,000	1,939,222	389,222
Alcoholic beverages	160,000	205,000	248,898	43,898
Hotel/Motel	25,000	-	29,726	29,726
Licenses and permits	970,400	1,030,400	1,033,225	2,825
Intergovernmental	-	127,211	199,495	72,284
Charges for services	62,100	58,900	45,090	(13,810)
Fines and forfeitures	1,100,000	1,436,000	1,978,767	542,767
Investment income	2,000	13,400	14,568	1,168
Contributions and donations	31,100	58,440	130,065	71,625
Miscellaneous	132,800	175,070	220,763	45,693
Total revenues	5,372,600	6,078,521	7,565,883	1,487,362
EXPENDITURES Personal services and employee benef	ite:			
Administrative	763,206	803,106	774,052	29,054
Police	2,212,333	2,324,089	2,293,042	31,047
Street and public works	565,019	450,219	446,625	3,594
Current:	303,017	450,217	770,023	3,374
Administrative	797,860	837,940	679,831	158,109
Police	308,540	715,334	690,163	25,171
Street and public works	393,200	328,500	304,424	24,076
Capital outlay:	,	,		,
Administrative	_	71,550	71,387	163
Police	59,000	199,157	330,998	(131,841)
Street and public works	58,000	52,985	90,939	(37,954)
Debt service:				, , ,
Principal	355,842	325,037	354,699	(29,662)
Interest	533,280	534,285	546,923	(12,638)
Total expenditures	6,046,280	6,642,202	6,583,083	59,119
(Deficiency) Excess of revenues	(/= -=·		
(under) over expenditures	(673,680)	(563,681)	982,800	1,546,481
Other financing sources				
Transfers in	673,680	573,680	835,566	261,886
Transfers out	-	(3,010,000)	(3,010,000)	-01,000
Financed purchases issued	_	-	187,489	187,489
Total	673,680	(2,436,320)	(1,986,945)	449,375
Net change in fund balance	<u> </u>	(3,000,001)	(1,004,145)	<u>1,995,856</u>
Fund balance – beginning of year			7,214,070	
Fund balance – end of year			\$ <u>6,209,925</u>	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

CITY OF JONESBORO, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL URBAN REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	BUDGET	AMOUNTS		VARIANCE	
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	WITH FINAL BUDGET	
EXPENDITURES					
Current: Street and public works	8,000,000	_	_	_	
Total current expenditures	8,000,000			<u>-</u>	
Capital outlay:					
Street and public works	<u>-</u>	5,517,400	5,517,383	17	
Total capital outlay		5,517,400	5,517,383	17	
Total expenditures	8,000,000	5,517,400	5,517,383	17	
Excess (Deficiency) of revenues	(0.000.000)	(7. 7.1.7. 10.0)	(F. F.1 = 200)		
over (under) expenditures	(8,000,000)	(5,517,400)	(5,517,383)	17	
Other financing sources:					
Transfers in	-	-	17,512	17,512	
Transfers	_	(240,328)	(240,328)	_	
Total other financing sources	_	(240,328)	(222,816)	17,512	
Net change in fund balances	\$ <u>(8,000,000)</u>	\$ <u>(5,757,728)</u>	(5,740,199)	\$ <u>17,529</u>	
Fund balance, beginning of year			5,800,217		
Fund balance, end of year			\$ <u>60,018</u>		

CITY OF JONESBORO, GEORGIA STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND DECEMBER 31, 2022

	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES ENTERPRISE FUND Sanitation Fund
Assets	
Current assets:	
Cash	\$ <u>305,929</u>
Total current assets	305,929
Non-current assets:	
Capital assets	
Vehicles	390,730
Machinery and equipment	42,052
Less accumulated depreciation	(289,413)
Total capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)	<u>143,369</u>
Total assets	\$ <u>449,298</u>
Liabilities	
Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable	\$ 8,391
Payroll deductions	92
Unearned revenue	<u>157,260</u>
Total current liabilities	165,743
Total liabilities	165,743
Net Position	
Net investment in capital assets	143,369
Unrestricted	140,186
Total net position	\$ <u>283,555</u>

CITY OF JONESBORO, GEORGIA STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES ENTERPRISE FUND
	Sanitation
	Fund
Operating Revenues:	
Charges for services	\$ 262,817
Other	<u>461</u>
Total operating revenues	<u>263,278</u>
Operating Expenses:	
Supplies	99,809
Contractual services	70,735
Salaries and wages	55,732
Depreciation	45,461
Insurance	9,279
Payroll taxes	<u>1,212</u>
Total operating expenses	<u>282,228</u>
Loss from operations	(18,950)
Change in net position	(18,950)
Total net position, beginning of year	302,505
Total net position, end of year	\$ <u>283,555</u>

CITY OF JONESBORO, GEORGIA STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES ENTERPRISE FUND Sanitation Fund
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Cash received from customers Cash paid to suppliers for goods and services Cash paid to employees	\$ 242,818 (182,167) (58,396)
Net cash provided by operating activities	<u>2,255</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	-
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Due to other funds	8,678
Net cash used in capital financing activities	8,678
NET CHANGE IN CASH	10,933
CASH AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	294,996
CASH AT END OF YEAR	\$305,929
RECONCILIATION OF NET OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	
Net operating loss	\$ (18,950)
Adjustments to reconcile net operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation expense Decrease in accounts payable Decrease in payroll deductions Decrease in unearned revenue	45,461 (2,344) (1,452) (20,460)
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ <u>2,255</u>

CITY OF JONESBORO, GEORGIA NOTE TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Basis of Presentation

The City's financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations). The more significant accounting policies established in GAAP and used by the City are discussed below.

B. Reporting Entity

The City of Jonesboro was incorporated December 13, 1859. The City operates under the Mayor and Council form of government and provides general administrative services as authorized by its charter.

The City's combined balance sheet includes the amounts of all City operations. Management of the City has reviewed all potential component units to determine if any should be included in these financial statements. As defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement 14, component units are legally separate organizations for which the elected officials of the primary government are financially accountable. In addition, component units can be other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with a primary government are such that exclusions would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

Management has concluded that there are two blended component units for the City. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations. The Urban Redevelopment Agency was created by the City's elected officials to provide for the financing of construction projects throughout the City. Although legally separate, the Urban Redevelopment Agency is blended as a governmental fund into the primary government. Separate financial statements for the Agency are not issued.

The Downtown Development Authority was created by the City's elected officials to revitalize and redevelop the central business district of the City. Although legally separate, the Downtown Development Authority is blended as a governmental fund into the primary government. Separate financial statements for the Authority are not issued.

C. Government-wide and fund financial statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of changes in net position) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities* are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – (Continued)

C. Government-wide and fund financial statements – (Continued)

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include: 1) charges for services and 2) grants and contributions. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

D. Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement* focus and the accrual basis of accounting; proprietary funds also use the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Sales tax, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General fund* is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The SPLOST 2021 fund is used for projects related to the special purpose local option sales tax received.

The *Urban Redevelopment Agency fund* is used to provide for the financing of construction projects throughout the City.

The Capital Improvement Fund is used for capital projects throughout the City.

The government reports the following major proprietary funds:

The Sanitation fund accounts for the activities of the government's solid waste disposal operations.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – (Continued)

D. Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation – (continued)

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include: 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. General revenues include all taxes other than special purpose sales taxes and all other non-program revenues.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

E. Assets, liabilities, and net position or equity

1. Deposits and investments

Cash consists of demand and interest-bearing deposits held in banks.

All deposits with financial institutions must be collateralized in an amount equal to 110% of uninsured deposits. In lieu of a surety bond, a depository of public funds may pledge as collateral any one or more of the securities as enumerated in OCGA 50-17-59.

Investments - Georgia law authorizes local governments to invest in the following types of obligations:

- Obligations of the State of Georgia or any other states;
- Obligations issued by the United States;
- Obligations fully insured or guaranteed by the United States government or governmental agency:
- Obligations of any corporation of the United States Government;
- Prime bankers' acceptances;
- The State of Georgia Local Government Investment Pool;
- Repurchase agreements; and
- Obligations of other political subdivisions of the State of Georgia.

Investments in the pension plan are reported at fair value.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – (Continued)

E. Assets, liabilities, and net position or equity – (continued)

2. Receivables and payables

Property taxes were levied on November 5, 2022 based upon property values assessed as of January 1, 2022. The City's millage rate is levied on taxable property, which is assessed at 40% of estimated fair market value. Tax bills were mailed on November 5, 2022, and payable on or before January 5, 2023, for the 2022 taxes. The City did not setup a lien date in the current year. Late fees were assessed beginning February 5, 2023.

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles.

3. Capital assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$2,500 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years.

Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation. Capital assets received in a service concession arrangement are reported at acquisition value.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Property, plant, and equipment of the primary government is depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	<u>Years</u>
Buildings	50
Infrastructure	20
Automobiles and trucks	5
Machinery and equipment	5/10
Furniture and fixtures	5
Improvements	5/10
Parks and recreation	40

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – (Continued)

E. Assets, liabilities, and net position or equity – (continued)

4. Compensated absences

It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned, but unused annual and sick pay benefits. Annual and sick leave each accrue in hours at the rate of 13 days per year. In addition to the regular accrual, an employee shall receive an additional one-day of annual and sick leave for each two years of full-time service with the City, not to exceed twenty-two days per year. Annual leave may be accrued up to 360 hours or 45 days.

There is no limit on the amount of accrual for sick leave. Pay in lieu of accrued annual leave is authorized when an employee is separated from employment. An employee, upon separation from service, shall not be eligible to receive payment for any accumulated sick leave. The government-wide financial statements reflect an accrual for the earned, but unused vacation pay. The liability is recorded as compensated absences.

5. Fund equity

GASB previously issued Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund-type Definitions. The objective of the statement is to enhance the usefulness of fund balance information by providing clearer fund balance classifications that can be more consistently applied and by clarifying the existing governmental fund-type definitions. This statement establishes fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed on the use of the resources reported in governmental funds.

The governmental funds report five categories of fund balance, when applicable. *Non-spendable fund balances* refer to amounts that are not in non-spendable form or are legally required to remain intact. *Restricted fund balances* refer to amounts that are subject to externally enforceable legal restrictions by either debt covenants, or laws or regulations of other governments. *Committed fund balances* refer to amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the City Council through the adoption of a resolution prior to the end of the fiscal year. Only the City Council may modify or rescind the commitment. *Assigned fund balances* refer to amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes. *Unassigned fund balances* refer to remaining spendable amounts. Fund expenditures and encumbrances are from restricted fund balance to the extent of the restricted fund revenue and followed by committed then assigned and unassigned fund balance.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which committed, assigned, and unassigned net position could be used, the City considers committed funds to have been spent first, then assigned and then unassigned.

Equity for government-wide and proprietary fund statements is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

Net investment in capital assets – Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – (Continued)

E. Assets, liabilities, and net position or equity – (continued)

5. Fund equity – (continued)

Restricted net position – Consists of net position with constraints placed on its use either by (1) external groups, such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted net position – All other net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets".

When an expenditure is incurred for purpose for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available, the City considers restricted funds to have been spent first.

6. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources

GASB Statements No. 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position and No. 65, Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities established accounting and financial reporting for deferred outflows/inflows of resources and the concept of net position as the residual of all other elements presented in a statement of net position.

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditures) until then. The City has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category, deferred amounts related to their pension plan. The deferred amount relates to differences in expected and actual expense, changes in assumptions, and differences in projected and actual earnings. Additionally, the City made contributions to the pension plan before year end but subsequent to the measurement date of the City's net pension liability which are reported as deferred outflows of resources.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position and balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has two items that qualify for reporting in this category, a deferred amount related to the pension plan in the statement of net position and unavailable revenue in the general fund. In the government-wide financial statements, the deferred amount is related to differences in expected and actual expenses for the pension plan. Unavailable property taxes are reported as a deferred inflow in the general fund.

2. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund balance sheet and the government-wide statement of net position

The governmental fund balance sheet includes reconciliation between *fund balance - total governmental funds* and *net position - governmental activities* as reported in the government- wide statement of net position. One element of that reconciliation explains that "long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds." The details of this \$(22,040,143) difference are as follows:

Accrued interest	\$ (208,473)
Bonds payable	(21,200,000)
Financed purchases	(384,399)
Note payable	(86,973)
Compensated absences	(160,298)
Net adjustment to reduce fund balance – total	
governmental funds to arrive at net position	\$(22,040,143)

3. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Budgetary Information

The annual budget is the financial plan for the operation of the City for the ensuing annual period. The budget process provides for a professional management approach to the establishment of priorities and the implementation of work programs while providing an orderly means for control and evaluation of the financial posture of the Government. The City is required to adopt an annual budget no later than the beginning of each fiscal year. The Mayor is required to prepare and submit a budget to the Council for review and adoption. The budget is accompanied by a message from the Mayor containing a statement of general fiscal policies of the City, the important features of the budgets, explanations of the major changes recommended for the next fiscal year, a general summary of the budgets, and such other comments and information as may be deemed pertinent. The Council may approve, reject, or modify the proposed budget. The council holds public hearings and a final budget must be prepared and approved no later than December 31.

Upon recommendation of the Mayor and approval of the Council, the City may make interfund or interdepartmental transfers in the current operating or capital improvements budgets at any regular or special meeting called for such purpose, provided funds are available. The budget is prepared and adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

Annual budgets are adopted for the General Fund, and Special Revenue Funds.

The legal level of budgetary control is the object level of personal services and employee benefits and the department level for all other areas within individual funds. Increases in the total appropriations of a department, whether accomplished through an increase in estimated revenues or through a transfer of appropriations among departments, require the approval of the Mayor and Council.

Appropriations lapse at year-end. Council approved several supplemental budgetary appropriations throughout the year.

3. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY – (Continued)

B. Excess of expenditures over appropriations

The following department/function expenditures exceeded the final 2022 year budgets:

	, , ,	
General	+una	•

Capital outlay: Police	\$ 131,841
Capital outlay: Street and public works	37,954
Debt service: Principal	29,662
Debt service: Interest	12,638
ARPA Fund:	
Personal Services and Employee Benefits: Administrative	3,276
Personal Services and Employee Benefits: Police	16,228
Personal Services and Employee Benefits: Street and public works	5,084
Hotel/Motel Tax Fund:	
Current: Administrative	4,878
Downtown Development Authority:	
Current: Community development	27,993
Debt service: Principal	6,201

4. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. Deposits

At year-end, the City's carrying amount of deposits was \$10,353,099 and the bank balance was \$10,401,803. Of the bank balance \$500,000 was covered by federal depository insurance or by collateral held by the City's agent in the City's name. Of the remaining balance, \$9,075,923 was collateralized by the pledging financial institution with securities held in its pooled account as provided for by state statutes. The remaining of \$825,880 is not guaranteed or insured by any bank, the FDIC, the Federal Reserve Board, the State of Georgia, or any other agency.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. The majority of the City's deposits are covered by a combination of federal depository insurance and securities pledged by the financial institution as collateral to protect the deposits of the City as required under state law. The City does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk.

B. Receivables

Receivables as of year-end for the government's individual major funds and nonmajor, in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

		SPLOST	Hotel/	Downtown Development	
	General	2021	Motel	Authority	Total
Receivables:					
Taxes	\$ 552,375	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 552,375
Intergovernmental	73,182	228,614	-	-	301,796
Other	562,455	<u>-</u>	5,230	600	568,285
Gross receivables	\$ <u>1,188,012</u>	\$ <u>228,614</u>	\$ <u>5,230</u>	\$ <u>600</u>	\$ <u>1,422,456</u>

4. **DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – (Continued)**

C. Interfund balances and transfers

Interfund balances as of December 31, 2022, are as follows:

	Due to:							
		Confiscated General Assets			Capital <u>Improvements</u>			
	Ge							
Due from:								
General Fund	\$	-	\$	14,032	\$	-		
DEA Confiscated Fund		2,244		-		-		
Hotel/Motel Tax Fund		31,433		-		-		
SPLOST 15		52,973		-		740,733		
Downtown Development Authority		6,519						
Total	\$	93,169	\$	14,032	\$	740,733		

The outstanding balances between funds results from the time lag between the dates that 1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, 2) transactions are record in the accounting system, and 3) payments between funds are made.

Interfund transfers for the year ended December 31, 2022, consisted of the following:

	Transfers in:						
		Urban					
		Capital	Redevelopment				
	General	Improvements	Agency				
Transfers Out:							
General Fund	\$ -	\$ 3,000,000	\$ -				
SPLOST 15	21,558	-	-				
SPLOST 2021	480,680	-	-				
Capital Improvements	-	-	17,512				
Urban Redevelopment Agency	240,328	-	-				
Downtown Development Authority	83,000						
Total	\$ <u>825,566</u>	\$ <u>3,000,000</u>	\$ <u>17,512</u>				

Generally, transfers are used to move revenues from the fund that collects them to the fund that the budget requires to expend them. Transfers between the General Fund and the other funds represent the reimbursement of capital expenditures incurred in the General Fund.

4. **DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – (Continued)**

D. Capital assets

Capital assets activity for the year ended December 31, 2022, was as follows:

	Beginning			Ending
	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 2,406,550	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,406,550
Construction in progress	8,361,818		<u>8,361,818</u>	<u>-</u> _
Total capital assets,				
not being depreciated	10,768,368	-	8,361,818	2,406,550
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings	3,146,280	16,823,419	-	19,969,699
Improvements	94,701	-	-	94,701
Vehicles	878,904	309,889	-	1,188,793
Machinery and equipment	856,835	904,112	6,998	1,753,949
Infrastructure	23,245,586	-	-	23,245,586
Parks and recreation	3,514,265		<u>-</u>	3,514,265
Total capital assets, being depreciated	31,736,571	18,037,420	6,998	49,766,993
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	1,534,858	187,822	-	1,722,680
Improvements	56,106	5,773	-	61,879
Vehicles	575,541	130,985	-	706,526
Machinery and equipment	457,571	162,754	4,000	616,325
Infrastructure	6,559,899	1,069,312	-	7,629,211
Parks and recreation	497,856	87,857		585,713
Total accumulated depreciation	9,681,831	1,644,503	4,000	11,322,334
Total capital assets				
being depreciated, net	22,054,740	16,392,917	2,998	38,444,659
Governmental activities				
capital assets, net	\$ <u>32,823,108</u>	\$ <u>16,392,917</u>	\$ <u>8,364,816</u>	\$ <u>40,851,209</u>

Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:

Administrative Police Streets Community development	\$ 102,499 244,397 1,292,198 5,409
Total Depreciation Expense – Governmental Activities	\$ <u>1,644,503</u>

4. **DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – (Continued)**

Capital assets activity for the year ended December 31, 2022, was as follows:

		eginning Balance	<u>In</u>	icreases_	Dec	creases		Ending Balance
Business-type activities:								
Capital assets, being depreciated:								
Vehicles	\$	390,730	\$	-	\$	-	\$	390,730
Machinery and equipment	_	42,052	_				_	42,052
Total capital assets, being depreciated	-	432,782	_	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	_	432,782
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Vehicles		233,184		37,050		-		270,234
Machinery and equipment	_	10,768	_	8,411			_	19,179
Total accumulated depreciation	-	243,952	_	45,461		<u>-</u>	_	289,413
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$_	188,830	\$_	(45,461)	\$		\$_	143,369

E. Financed purchases

The City enters into financed purchase agreements for financing the acquisition of vehicles for the police and public works departments. At the end of each lease, the City will take ownership of the vehicle(s). These agreements have been recorded at the present value of their future minimum financed purchase payments as of the inception date.

The future minimum debt obligations and the net present value of these minimum financed purchase payments as of December 31, 2022, were as follows:

	Gov	Governmental			
Year ending December 31		Activities			
2023	\$	208,412			
2024		152,157			
2025		55,858			
2026		4,468			
Less amount representing interest		(36,496)			
Present value of minimum financed purchase payments	\$	384,399			

4. **DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – (Continued)**

F. Long-term debt

Series 2015 Revenue Bond

On June 1, 2015, the Urban Redevelopment Agency of the City of Jonesboro, Georgia authorized the issuance and sale of \$2,500,000 in principal amount of its Revenue Bond (The City of Jonesboro, Georgia Project), Series 2015. The proceeds of the Series 2015 Bond will be applied to costs of acquiring, constructing, and installing an urban redevelopment project consisting of various improvements to Lee Street Park.

Annual maturities for the Series 2015 Bond are as follows:

Year ending	G	Governmental Activities					
December 31	Principal	Interest	Total				
2023	175,000	41,243	216,243				
2024	180,000	36,237	216,237				
2025	185,000	31,091	216,091				
2026	190,000	25,803	215,803				
2027	195,000	20,375	215,375				
2028-2030	625,000	26,861	651,861				
	\$ <u>1,550,000</u>	\$ <u>181,610</u>	\$ <u>1,731,610</u>				

Series 2021A and Series 2021B Revenue Bonds

In January 2021, the Urban Redevelopment Agency of the City of Jonesboro, Georgia authorized the issuance and sale of \$14,125,000 in principal amount of its Revenue Bond, Series 2021A, and \$5,525,000 in principal amount of its Revenue Bond, Series 2021B. The proceeds of the Series 2021A and 2021B Bonds will be applied to costs of construction of the Municipal Complex.

Annual maturities for the Series 2021A Bond are as follows:

Year ending	Governmental Activities							
December 31	<u>Principal</u>	Principal Interest						
2023	\$ 605,000	\$ 317,918	\$ 922,918					
2024	615,000	303,888	918,888					
2025	630,000	289,570	919,570					
2026	645,000	274,908	919,908					
2027	660,000	259,900	919,900					
2028-2032	3,540,000	1,061,795	4,601,795					
2033-2036	7,430,000	492,085	7,922,085					
	\$ <u>14,125,000</u>	\$ <u>3,000,064</u>	\$ <u>17,125,064</u>					

4. **DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – (Continued)**

Annual maturities for the Series 2021B Bond are as follows:

Year ending	Governmental Activities						
December 31	Principal	Interest	Total				
2023	\$ 225,000	\$ 152,633	\$ 377,633				
2024	230,000	146,217	376,217				
2025	235,000	139,661	374,661				
2026	245,000	132,893	377,893				
2027	250,000	125,913	375,913				
2028-2032	1,360,000	518,457	1,878,457				
2033-2036	2,980,000	243,225	3,223,225				
	\$ <u>5,525,000</u>	\$ <u>1,458,999</u>	\$ <u>6,983,999</u>				

Note payable

On April 25, 2019, the Downtown Development Authority took out a loan to purchase property in the City. The loan amount was \$106,250, with quarterly payments of \$2,456 through April 25, 2034. The initial interest rate is 4.5%.

The future minimum note payments are as follows:

Year ending	Gover	Governmental				
December 31	<u>Principal</u>		Interest			
2023	\$ 5,931	\$	3,892			
2024	6,196		3,627			
2025	6,494		3,329			
2026	6,796		3,027			
2027	7,111		2,712			
2028-2032	40,812		8,303			
2033-2034	13,633		571			
	\$ <u>86,973</u>	\$	25,461			

Changes in long-term liabilities:

Long-term liability activity for the year ended December 31, 2022, was as follows:

,		Beginning Balance	A	Additions	Re	ductions	Endir Balan	_		e within ne year
Governmental activities:										
*Lease liability	\$	381,610	\$	187,489	\$	184,700	\$ 384	,399	\$	190,425
*Bond payable	2	1,370,000		-		170,000	21,200	,000	1	,005,000
*Note payable		93,174		-		6,201	86	,973		5,931
*Compensated absences		387,557		160,298		387,557	160	,298		160,298
*Net pension liability	_	347,553	_		_	196,103	151	,450	_	
Total	\$ <u>2</u> 2	<u>2,579,894</u>	\$_	347,787	\$_	944,561	\$ <u>21,983</u>	,120	\$ <u>1</u>	,361,654

^{*} Typically liquidated with General Fund resources.

5. OTHER INFORMATION

A. Risk management

The City is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City carries commercial insurance coverage on real and personal property, automobiles, and liability with a private insurance carrier.

B. Contingent liabilities

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures that may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

The City is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of the City's counsel the resolution of these matters will most likely not have a material effect on the financial condition of the government.

C. Joint venture

Under Georgia law, the City, in conjunction with other cities and counties in the thirteen County Metro Atlanta area, is a member of the Atlanta Regional Commission (ARC) and is required to pay annual dues thereto. During its year ended December 31, 2022, the City paid all dues assessed. Membership in the ARC is required by the *Official Code of Georgia Annotated* (OCGA) Section 50-8-34 which provides for the organization structure of the Regional Commission (RC) in Georgia. The ARC Board membership includes the chief elected official of each county and municipality of the area. OCGA 50-8-39.1 provides that the member governments are liable for any debts or obligations of an RC. Separate financial statements may be obtained from:

Atlanta Regional Commission 40 Courtland St. NE Atlanta, GA 30303

D. Hotel/Motel tax

The City has levied a lodging tax pursuant to state statutes. A summary of the transactions for the year ended December 31, 2022, follows:

Receipts Hotel/Motel tax collected	\$ 54,763
Expenditures Visitors Center/Tourism Administrative	52,388 2,995
	\$ <u>(620)</u>

5. OTHER INFORMATION – (Continued)

E. Employee retirement system and pension plans

Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Plan Description -

The City, as authorized by the City Council, has established a non-contributory defined pension plan, City of Jonesboro Retirement Plan (JRP), covering all full-time employees. JRP is affiliated with the Georgia Municipal Employees Benefit System (GMEBS), an agent multiple-employer pension plan administered by the Georgia Municipal Association. Contributions made by the City are commingled with contributions made by other members of GMEBS. The City does not own any securities on its own. Investment income from the securities is allocated on a pro rata basis. The Georgia Municipal Association issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for GMEBS. That report may be obtained by writing to Georgia Municipal Association, 201 Pryor Street, SW, Atlanta, Georgia, 30303 or by calling (404) 688-0472.

As provided by state law, benefit provisions for participants in GMEBS are established by the respective employers. As authorized by City Council, the plan provides pension benefits and death and disability benefits for all employees that have been employed full time for one year. Members may retire on reaching the age of 65, depending on their classification. Early retirement is possible on reaching the age of 55, depending on the member's classification. In addition, police officers can retire at age 55 and 10 years of service with full benefits. Benefits are calculated at 1.75% of the average monthly earnings for the period of the five highest years' earnings prior to retirement.

Current membership in the plan is as follows:

Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	32
Terminated vested participants entitled to but not	
yet receiving benefits	23
Active participants	49
Active elected officials	6
Total number of participants	<u>110</u>

Contributions: The plan is subject to minimum funding standards of the Georgia Public Retirement Systems Standards law. The Board of Trustees of GMEBS has adopted a recommended actuarial funding policy for the plan which meets state minimum requirements and will accumulate sufficient funds to provide the benefits under the plan. The funding policy for the plan is to contribute an amount equal to the recommended contribution described below. For 2022, the actuarially determined contribution rate was 5.72% of covered payroll. For 2022, the City's contribution to the plan totaled \$140,913.

5. OTHER INFORMATION – (Continued)

Net Pension Liability of the City

Effective October 1, 2014, the City implemented the provisions of GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27, and GASB Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68, which significantly changed the City's accounting for pension amounts. The information disclosed below is presented in accordance with these new standards.

The City's net pension liability was measured as of July 1, 2022. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of March 31, 2022 with update procedures performed by the actuary to roll forward to the total pension liability measured as of July 1, 2022.

Actuarial assumptions: The total pension liability in the March 31, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.25%

Salary increases 2.25% plus service-based merit increases

Investment rate of return 7.375%

Mortality rates were based on the Sex-distinct Pri-2012 head-count weighted Employee Mortality Table.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2022 valuation were based on results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2015 – June 30, 2019. There is no cost-of-living adjustment by the Plan.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The difference between the resulting rate and the rate on the ongoing basis is a margin for adverse deviation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of March 31, 2020 are summarized in the following table:

5. OTHER INFORMATION – (Continued)

		Long-term
		Expected real
Asset Class	Allocation	rate of return*
Domestic equity	45%	6.55%
International equity	20%	7.30%
Domestic fixed income	20%	0.40%
Real estate	10%	3.65%
Global fixed income	5%	0.50%
Cash	0%	0.00%

^{*} Rates shows are net of the 2.25% assumed rate of inflation.

Discount rate: The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.375%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that City contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all of the projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in the Net Pension Liability of the City: The changes in the components of the net pension liability of the City for the year ended December 31, 2022, were as follows:

	Total Pension Liability (a)		Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)		I	t Pension Liability a) – (b)
Balances at December 31, 2021	\$	3,469,325	\$	3,121,772	\$	347,553
Changes for the year:						
Service cost		99,133		-		99,133
Interest		255,397		-		255,397
Differences between expected						
and actual experience		(75,440)		-		(75,440)
Contributions – employer		_		293,639		(293,639)
Net investment income		-		195,111		(195,111)
Benefit payments, including refunds						
of employee contributions		(210,903)		(210,903)		-
Administrative expense		<u> </u>		(13,557)		13,557
Net changes		68,187		264,290		(196,103)
Balances at December 31, 2022	\$	3,537,512	\$	3,386,062	\$	151,450

The required schedule of changes in the City's net pension liability and related ratios immediately following the notes to the financial statements presents multiyear trend information about whether the value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the total pension liability.

5. OTHER INFORMATION – (Continued)

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate: The following presents the net pension liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 7.375 percent, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.375 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.375 percent) than the current rate:

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(6.375%)	(7.375%)	(8.375%)
City's net pension liability	\$ 589,519	\$ 151,450	\$ (212,130)

Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future, and actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. Calculations are based on the substantive plan in effect as of July 1, 2022, and the current sharing pattern of costs between employer and employee.

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended December 31, 2022, the City recognized pension expense of \$60,328. At December 31, 2022, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred			Deferred
	Outflows of]	Inflows of
	Resources		Resources	
Differences between expected and actual expense	\$	2,360	\$	(111,390)
Changes in assumptions		42,435		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings				
on pension plan investments	_	<u> </u>	_	(322,554)
Total	\$	44,795	\$	(433,944)

Amounts reports as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending June 30:	
2023	\$ (92,953)
2024	(122,180)
2025	(181,550)
2026	7,534
	\$ <u>(389,149)</u>

6. POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Pursuant to City statutes, employees who retire with 30 or more years of service, but before they have attained the age to be eligible for Medicare benefits, the City provides health care coverage for up to 36 months. For the year December 31, 2022, no retired employees were eligible for this health care benefit.



CITY OF JONESBORO, GEORGIA SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE CITY'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Total pension liability					
Service cost	\$ 99,133	\$ 88,711	\$ 105,574	\$ 103,671	\$ 99,296
Interest	255,397	247,699	228,775	230,023	204,176
Differences between expected and actual experience	(75,440)	(38,651)	9,440	(177,421)	144,995
Changes of assumptions	-	-	169,739	-	49,323
Benefit payments, including refunds of					
employee contributions	(210,903)	(196,698)	(180,058)	(169,566)	(168,465)
Net change in total pension liability	68,187	101,061	333,470	(13,293)	329,325
Total pension liability – beginning	<u>3,469,325</u>	3,368,264	3,034,794	3,048,087	<u>2,718,762</u>
Total pension liability – ending (a)	\$ <u>3,537,512</u>	\$ <u>3,469,325</u>	\$ <u>3,368,264</u>	\$ <u>3,034,794</u>	\$ <u>3,048,087</u>
Plan fiduciary net position	4 202 520	.	A	h 100 011	h 100 250
Contributions – employer	\$ 293,639	\$ 124,754	\$ -	\$ 133,244	\$ 108,278
Net investment income	195,111	1,009,972	(161,099)	87,117	280,433
Benefit payments, including refunds of	(210.002)	(10.5.500)	(100.050)	(1.00.5.00)	(1.50.455)
employee contributions	(210,903)	(196,698)	(180,058)	(169,566)	(168,465)
Administrative expenses	(13,557)	(12,347)	(14,006)	(13,934)	(13,496)
Net change in plan fiduciary net pension	264,290	925,681	(355,163)	36,861	206,750
Plan fiduciary net position – beginning	3,121,772	2,196,091	2,551,254	2,514,393	2,307,643
Plan fiduciary net position – ending (b)	\$ <u>3,386,062</u>	\$ <u>3,121,772</u>	\$ <u>2,196,091</u>	\$ <u>2,551,254</u>	\$ <u>2,514,393</u>
City's net pension liability – ending (a) - (b)	\$ <u>151,450</u>	\$ <u>347,553</u>	\$ <u>1,172,173</u>	\$ <u>483,540</u>	\$ 533,694
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the to	ta l				
pension liability	95.72%	89.98%	65.20%	84.07%	82.49%
Covered payroll	\$ 2,437,830	\$ 2,105,953	\$ 1,999,919	\$ 2,071,964	\$ 2,167,522
City's net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	6.21%	16.50%	58.61%	23.34%	24.62%

Notes to the Schedule

The schedule will present 10 years of information once it is accumulated.

CITY OF JONESBORO, GEORGIA SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE CITY'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS – CONTINUED

	2017	2016	2015
Total pension liability			
Service cost	\$ 97,219	\$ 94,317	\$ 88,349
Interest	206,386	197,911	188,558
Differences between expected and actual experience	(163,271)	(17,710)	45,382
Changes of assumptions	-	-	(44,312)
Benefit payments, including refunds of			
employee contributions	(169,226)	(161,104)	(153,488)
Net change in total pension liability	(28,892)	113,414	124,489
Total pension liability – beginning	<u>2,747,654</u>	2,634,240	2,509,751
Total pension liability – ending (a)	\$ <u>2,718,762</u>	\$ <u>2,747,654</u>	\$ <u>2,634,240</u>
731 (#1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1			
Plan fiduciary net position	Φ 110.160	Φ 212.200	Ф
Contributions – employer	\$ 112,169	\$ 213,208	\$ -
Net investment income	256,230	3,672	191,788
Benefit payments, including refunds of	(1 (0 00 0	(1.61.10.4)	(1.52.400)
employee contributions	(169,226)	(161,104)	(153,488)
Administrative expenses	(13,792)	(11,558)	(8,729)
Net change in plan fiduciary net pension	185,381	44,218	29,571
Plan fiduciary net position – beginning	2,122,262	2,078,044	2,048,473
Plan fiduciary net position – ending (b)	\$ <u>2,307,643</u>	\$ <u>2,122,262</u>	\$ <u>2,078,044</u>
City's net pension liability – ending (a) - (b)	\$ <u>411,119</u>	\$ 625,392	\$ 556,196
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total	al		
pension liability	84.88%	77.24%	78.89%
Covered payroll	\$ 1,894,803	\$ 1,857,003	\$ 1,741,566
City's net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	21.70%	33.68%	31.94%

Notes to the Schedule

The schedule will present 10 years of information once it is accumulated.

CITY OF JONESBORO, GEORGIA SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CITY CONTRIBUTIONS

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ -1	\$ 145,905	\$ 124,754	\$ 133,244	\$ 108,278
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined	_1	$145,905^2$	124,754	133,244	108,278
Contribution deficiency (excess)	_1		-	-	-
Covered payroll	_1	$2,105,953^3$	1,999,9193	2,071,964	2,167,522
Contributions as a percentage of Covered payroll	_1	6.93%	6.24%	6.43%	5.00%

¹ 2022 information will be determined after fiscal year end and will be included in the 2023 valuation report.

Notes to the Schedule

Valuation date July 1, 2022

Actuarial cost method Projected Unit Credit

Amortization method Closed level dollar for remaining unfunded liability

Remaining amortization period Remaining amortization period varies for the bases, with a net effective amortization period of 13 years

Asset valuation method Sum of actuarial value at beginning of year and the cash flow during the year plus the assumed investment return,

adjusted by 10% of the amount that the value exceeds or is less than the market value at end of year. The actuarial

value is adjusted, if necessary, to be within 20% of market value.

Actuarial assumptions:

Investment rate of return 7.375%

Projected salary increase 2.25% plus service-based merit increases

² Contributions are recorded based on date of receipt into the GMEBS trust. Minor timing issues in receipt of monthly payments are not indicative of non-compliance with GMEBS funding policy. A plan is in compliance with the GMEBS funding policy if it pays either the dollar amount or the percentage of employee-covered payroll of the actuarially determined contributions.

³ 2021 covered payroll is based on data collected as of March 31, 2021 for the 2021 actuarial valuation.

CITY OF JONESBORO, GEORGIA SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CITY CONTRIBUTIONS – CONTINUED

	2017	2016	2015
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 112,169	\$ 118,870	\$ 94,338
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined Contribution	112,169	118,870	94,338
Contribution deficiency (excess)	-	-	-
Covered payroll	1,894,803	1,857,003	1,741,566
Contributions as a percentage of Covered payroll	5.92%	6.40%	5.42%

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

CITY OF JONESBORO, GEORGIA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2022

Confiscated Fund	DEA Confiscated	LMIC		Hotel/Motel		
	Fund	LMIG Fund	ARPA Fund	Tax Fund	Technology Fund	Downtown Development Authority
\$ 39,746	\$ 45,439 - - -	\$ 59,294 - - -	\$ 993,119 - - 2,392	\$ 151,113 5,230	\$ 12,325 - -	\$ 296,150 600
\$\frac{18,240}{72,018}\$	\$ <u>45,439</u>	\$ <u>59,294</u>	\$ <u>995,511</u>	\$ <u>156,343</u>	\$ <u>12,325</u>	\$ <u>296,750</u>
\$ - - -	\$ - 2,244 -	\$ - - -	\$ 95,829 - 899,682	\$ 3,300 31,433	\$ 4,000	\$ 4,075 6,519
53,778 18,240	43,195	59,294	- - -	121,610	8,325	286,156 \$296,750
	\$ 39,746 14,032 18,240 \$ 72,018 \$ - - 53,778	\$ 39,746 \$ 45,439 - 14,032	\$ 39,746 \$ 45,439 \$ 59,294 14,032	\$ 39,746 \$ 45,439 \$ 59,294 \$ 993,119 14,032	\$ 39,746 \$ 45,439 \$ 59,294 \$ 993,119 \$ 151,113	\$ 39,746 \$ 45,439 \$ 59,294 \$ 993,119 \$ 151,113 \$ 12,325

CITY OF JONESBORO, GEORGIA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS – (CONTINUED) DECEMBER 31, 2022

ASSETS		SPLOST 12 SPLOST 15 Fund Fund			Total Nonmajor Government Funds		
Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents Other receivables Due from other funds Prepaid items Properties held for sale	\$	29,399	\$ 1	,034,770 - - - -	\$ 2	2,661,355 5,830 14,032 2,392 18,240	
Total assets	\$ <u></u>	29,399	\$ <u>1</u>	,034,770	\$ <u></u>	2,701,849	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE							
Current liabilities: Accounts payable Due to other funds Unearned revenue	\$	- - -	\$	- 793,706 -	\$	107,204 833,902 899,682	
Fund balance: Restricted Assigned		29,399		241,064		556,665 304,396	
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	29,399	\$ <u>1</u>	,034,770	\$ <u></u>	2,701,849	

CITY OF JONESBORO, GEORGIA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Special Revenue Funds								
DEVENIUES.	Confiscated Fund	DEA Confiscated Fund	LMIG Fund	ARPA Fund	Hotel/ Motel Tax Fund				
REVENUES: Hotel/Motel tax	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 54,763				
Intergovernmental	φ -	Φ -	э 59,294	578,239	\$ 34,703				
Fines and forfeitures	_	_	39,294	370,239	_				
Interest on investments	_	_	_	_	_				
Miscellaneous	18,240	_	_	_	_				
Program receipts	11,192	19,155	_	_	_				
Issuer fees	-	-	_	_	_				
Membership fees	_	_	_	_	_				
Total revenues	29,432	19,155	59,294	578,239	54,763				
EXPENDITURES:									
Current:									
Administrative	-	-	-	80,181	59,878				
Police	-	-	-	106,813	-				
Street and public works	=	-	=	29,334	=				
Community development				216 220	<u>-</u>				
Total current expenditures				216,328	59,878				
Capital outlay: Administrative				254 570					
Police	-	90,278	-	354,570	-				
Street and public works	-	90,278	-	7,341	-				
Total capital outlay		90,278		361,911					
Debt service:		<u> </u>	-	301,711					
Principal									
Interpar	_	_	_	_	_				
Total debt service									
		00.270		570 220	50.070				
Total expenditures		90,278	-	578,239	59,878				
Excess (Deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	29,432	(71,123)	59,294		(5,115)				
Other financing sources: Transfers in	-	-	-	-	-				
Transfers out									
Total other financing sources									
Net change in fund balance	29,432	(71,123)	59,294	-	(5,115)				
Fund balance, beginning of year	42,586	114,318	_	_	126,725				
Fund balance, end of year	\$ <u>72,018</u>	\$ <u>43,195</u>	\$59,294	\$ <u> </u>	\$ <u>121,610</u>				

CITY OF JONESBORO, GEORGIA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS – (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Special Re	venue Funds	Capital Pr		
	Technology Fund	Downtown Development Authority	SPLOST 12 Fund	SPLOST 15 Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental <u>Funds</u>
REVENUES:	Ф	Φ.	Φ.	Ф	ф. 54 7 6
Hotel/Motel tax	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 54,763
Intergovernmental	- 50 274	-	-	-	637,533
Fines and forfeitures	52,374	- 22	-	-	52,374
Interest on investments	-	22	-	-	22
Miscellaneous	-	287,459	-	-	305,699
Program receipts	-	15 222	-	-	30,347
Issuer fees	-	15,332	-	-	15,332
Membership fees	_	4,418	-	-	4,418
Total revenues	52,374	307,231			1,100,488
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					
Administrative	-	-	-	-	140,059
Police	48,000	-	-	-	154,813
Street and public works	-	-	-	-	29,334
Community development		112,825			<u>112,825</u>
Total current expenditures	48,000	<u>112,825</u>			437,031
Capital outlay:					
Administrative	-	-	-	740,733	1,095,303
Police	-	-	-	-	97,619
Street and public works			<u>-</u>	37,121	37,121
Total capital outlay				<u>777,854</u>	1,230,043
Debt service:					
Principal	-	6,201	-	-	6,201
Interest	<u> </u>	3,622	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	3,622
Total debt service	_	9,823			9,823
Total expenditures	48,000	122,648	_	777,854	1,676,897
Excess (Deficiency) of revenues					
over expenditures	4,374	184,583		(777,854)	(576,409)
Other financing sources:					
Transfers in	-	10,000	_	_	10,000
Transfers out	-	(93,000)	_	(21,558)	(114,558)
Total other financing sources		(83,000)		(21,558)	(104,558)
Net change in fund balance	4,374	101,583	-	(799,412)	(680,967)
Fund balance, beginning of year	3,951	184,573	29,399	1,040,476	1,542,028
Fund balance, end of year	\$ <u>8,325</u>	\$ <u>286,156</u>	\$ <u>29,399</u>	\$ <u>241,064</u>	\$ <u>861,061</u>

CITY OF JONESBORO, GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL SPECIAL REVENUE FUND CONFISCATED ASSETS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	BUDGET	AMOUNTS		VARIANCE	
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	WITH FINAL BUDGET	
REVENUES	d)	Φ.	Φ 10.240	Φ 10.240	
Miscellaneous	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 18,240	\$ 18,240	
Program receipts	5,000	5,000	<u>11,192</u>	6,192	
Total revenues	5,000	5,000	29,432	24,432	
EXPENDITURES Current:					
Police	_	2,800		2,800	
Total current expenditures		2,800		2,800	
Capital outlay:					
Police	5,000	5,000		5,000	
Total capital outlay	5,000	5,000	-	5,000	
Total expenditures	5,000	7,800	-	7,800	
Net change in fund balance	\$ <u>-</u>	\$(2,800)	29,432	\$32,232	
Fund balance, beginning of year			42,586		
Fund balance, end of year			\$ <u>72,018</u>		

CITY OF JONESBORO, GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL SPECIAL REVENUE FUND DEA CONFISCATED ASSETS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	BUDGET AMOUNTS						VARIANCE WITH FINAL	
	ORIGINAL FINAL		A	CTUAL		UDGET		
REVENUES	¢.	20,000	Ф	20,000	Φ		Φ	(20,000)
Miscellaneous	\$	20,000	\$	20,000	\$	10.155	\$	(20,000)
Program receipts		25,000		25,000		<u> 19,155</u>		(5,845)
Total revenues		45,000		45,000		19,155		(25,845)
EXPENDITURES Capital outlay:								
Police				96,357		90,278		6,079
Total capital outlay				96,357		90,278		6,079
Total expenditures		<u>-</u>		96,357		90,278		6,079
Net change in fund balance	\$	45,000	\$	(51,357)		(71,123)	\$	(19,766)
Fund balance, beginning of year						114,318		
Fund balance, end of year					\$	43,195		

CITY OF JONESBORO, GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL SPECIAL REVENUE FUND LMIG FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	BUDGET	BUDGET AMOUNTS						
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	WITH FINAL BUDGET				
REVENUES	Φ 50,000	Φ 50,000	Φ 50.204	Φ 0.204				
Intergovernmental	\$50,000	\$50,000	\$ 59,294	\$9,294				
Total revenues	50,000	50,000	59,294	9,294				
EXPENDITURES Capital outlay:								
Street and public works	50,000	50,000		50,000				
Total capital outlay	50,000	50,000		50,000				
Total expenditures	50,000	50,000		50,000				
Net change in fund balance	\$ <u> </u>	\$ <u> </u>	59,294	\$59,294				
Fund balance, beginning of year								
Fund balance, end of year			\$ <u>59,294</u>					

CITY OF JONESBORO, GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL SPECIAL REVENUE FUND ARPA FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	BUDGET AMOUNTS			VARIANCE
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	WITH FINAL BUDGET
REVENUES				
Intergovernmental	\$ <u>926,495</u>	\$ <u>926,495</u>	\$ 578,239	\$ (348,256)
Total revenues	926,495	926,495	578,239	(348,256)
EXPENDITURES				
Personal services and employee benefits	:			
Administrative	275,000	76,905	80,181	(3,276)
Police	-	90,585	106,813	(16,228)
Street and public works	-	24,250	29,334	(5,084)
Current:		46.050		46.050
Administrative		46,250	216 220	46,250
Total current expenditures	275,000	237,990	216,328	21,662
Capital outlay:				
Administrative	-	359,050	354,570	4,480
Police	<u>-</u>	7,400	7,341	59
Total capital outlay		<u>366,450</u>	361,911	4,539
Total expenditures	275,000	604,440	578,239	26,201
Excess (Deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	651,495	322,055	<u> </u>	(322,055)
Other financia commen				
Other financing sources: Transfers out	(651,495)	(322,055)	_	322,055
Transfers out	(031,473)	(322,033)		<u> </u>
Total other financing sources	(651,495)	(322,055)		322,055
Net change in fund balances	\$	\$	-	\$ <u> </u>
Fund balance, beginning of year			_	
Fund balance, end of year			\$ <u> </u>	

CITY OF JONESBORO, GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL SPECIAL REVENUE FUND HOTEL/MOTEL TAX FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	BUDGET AMOUNTS			VARIANCE
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	WITH FINAL BUDGET
REVENUES Taxes				
Hotel/Motel tax	\$ <u>45,000</u>	\$55,000	\$ <u>54,763</u>	\$ (237)
Total revenues	45,000	55,000	54,763	(237)
EXPENDITURES				
Current: Administrative	45,000	55,000	59,878	(4,878)
Total current expenditures	45,000	55,000	59,878	(4,878)
Total expenditures	45,000	55,000	59,878	(4,878)
Net change in fund balance	\$	\$ <u> </u>	(5,115)	\$(5,115)
Fund balance, beginning of year			126,725	
Fund balance, end of year			\$ <u>121,610</u>	

CITY OF JONESBORO, GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL SPECIAL REVENUE FUND TECHNOLOGY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	BUDGET	AMOUNTS		VARIANCE
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	WITH FINAL BUDGET
REVENUES Fines and forfeitures	\$48,000	\$48,000	\$52,374	\$4,374
Total revenues	48,000	48,000	52,374	4,374
EXPENDITURES Current:				
Police	48,000	48,000	48,000	
Total current expenditures	48,000	48,000	48,000	<u> </u>
Total expenditures	48,000	48,000	48,000	<u> </u>
Net change in fund balance	\$ <u> </u>	\$ <u> </u>	4,374	\$4,374
Fund balance, beginning of year			3,951	
Fund balance, end of year			\$ <u>8,325</u>	

CITY OF JONESBORO, GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL SPECIAL REVENUE FUND DOWNTOWN DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	BUDGET	AMOUNTS		VARIANCE
				WITH FINAL
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	<u>ACTUAL</u>	BUDGET
REVENUES				
Interest on investments	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 22	\$ 22
Miscellaneous	126,600	126,600	287,459	160,859
Issuer fees	15,332	15,332	15,332	-
Membership revenue	13,500	13,500	4,418	(9,082)
Total revenues	155,432	155,432	307,231	151,799
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Community development	84,832	84,832	112,825	(27,993)
Total current expenditures	84,832	84,832	112,825	(27,993)
Debt service:				
Principal	-	-	6,201	(6,201)
Interest	5,000	5,000	3,622	1,378
Total debt service	5,000	5,000	9,823	(4,823)
Total expenditures	89,832	89,832	122,648	(32,816)
(Deficiency) Excess of revenues				
(under) over expenditures	65,600	65,600	184,583	118,983
Other financing sources:				
Transfers in	10,000	10,000	10,000	-
Transfers	(75,600)	(75,600)	(93,000)	(17,400)
Total other financing sources	(65,600)	(65,600)	(83,000)	(17,400)
Net change in fund balances	\$	\$ <u> </u>	101,583	\$ <u>101,583</u>
Fund balance, beginning of year			184,573	
Fund balance, end of year			\$ <u>286,156</u>	

CITY OF JONESBORO, GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF PROJECTS CONSTRUCTED WITH SPECIAL SALES TAX PROCEEDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Total Estimated	Exp	penditures	
Project	Project Costs	Prior Years	Current Year	Total
•	Costs	<u> </u>	1 eai	10tai
SPLOST 2012:				
Streets, curbs, and sidewalks	\$ 3,170,000	\$ 1,966,315	\$ -	\$ 1,966,315
Cemetery remapping, paving, and lighting	450,000	-	-	-
Gateway projects	500,000	-	-	-
Streetscape projects	2,150,000	2,150,000	-	2,150,000
Parks and recreation facilities	1,850,000 \$ 8,120,000	1,161,175 \$ 5,277,490		1,161,175 \$ 5,277,490
SPLOST 2015:				
Infrastructure projects	\$ 2,205,039	\$ 2,979,891	\$ -	\$ 2,979,891
Public safety – public works Equipment and vehicles	450,000	38,919	37,121	76,040
Park enhancements	300,000	853,618	-	853,618
Municipal complex	2,000,000 \$ 4,955,039	306,007 \$ 4,178,435		1,068,298 \$_4,977,847
SPLOST 2021:				
Real and Personal Property for Broad Street	% of collections	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Road, Street, Bridges, and Public Infrastructure	% of collections	-	-	-
Real and Personal Property for City Government Buildings including a New City Center	% of collections	-	480,680	480,680
Streetscape Improvements	% of collections	93,111 \$ 93,111		93,111 \$ <u>573,791</u>

STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City of Jonesboro's annual comprehensive financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, required supplementary information, and supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

<u>Contents</u>	Page
Financial Trends	61-65
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	
Revenue Capacity	66-70
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant Local revenue sources.	
Debt Capacity	71-73
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debit in the future.	
Demographic and Economic Information	74-75
These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.	
Operating Information	76-78
These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.	

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the City's financial reports for the relevant year.

City of Jonesboro, Georgia Net Position by Activity Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019		2020	2021		2022
Governmental activities												_
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 7,846,424	\$ 8,887,774	\$ 11,756,094	\$ 14,870,558	\$ 15,428,183	\$ 15,526,356	\$ 17,439,415	\$ 1	7,332,841	\$ 10,263,491	\$ 1	19,128,062
Restricted	4,461,501	4,925,720	2,069,003	488,405	660,146	1,586,866	966,805		2,128,461	8,059,881		2,674,485
Unrestricted	3,745,434	3,939,088	5,407,230	4,454,172	4,614,435	5,499,946	4,855,268		5,324,464	6,909,655		5,909,822
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 16,053,359	\$ 17,752,582	\$ 19,232,327	\$ 19,813,135	\$ 20,702,764	\$ 22,613,168	\$ 23,261,488	\$ 2	24,785,766	\$ 25,233,027	\$ 2	27,712,369
Business-type activities												
Net investment in capital assets	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 72,000	\$ 56,000	\$ 61,117	\$ 40,148	\$	19,179	\$ 188,830	\$	143,369
Restricted	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-		-
Unrestricted	65,701	84,851	166,822	151,343	199,389	199,810	241,910		272,953	113,675		140,186
Total business-type activities net position	\$ 65,701	\$ 84,851	\$ 166,822	\$ 223,343	\$ 255,389	\$ 260,927	\$ 282,058	\$	292,132	\$ 302,505	\$	283,555
Primary government												
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 7,846,424	\$ 8,887,774	\$ 11,756,094	\$ 14,942,558	\$ 15,484,183	\$ 15,587,473	\$ 17,479,563	\$ 1	7,352,020	\$ 10,452,321	\$ 1	19,271,431
Restricted	4,461,501	4,925,720	2,069,003	488,405	660,146	1,586,866	966,805		2,128,461	8,059,881		2,674,485
Unrestricted	3,811,135	4,023,939	5,574,052	4,605,515	4,813,824	5,699,756	5,097,178		5,597,417	7,023,330		6,050,008
Total primary government net position	\$ 16,119,060	\$ 17,837,433	\$ 19,399,149	\$ 20,036,478	\$ 20,958,153	\$ 22,874,095	\$ 23,543,546	\$ 2	25,077,898	\$ 25,535,532	\$ 2	27,995,924

Note: GASB 63 and 65 were implemented during fiscal year 2012.

City of Jonesboro, Georgia Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years

		2013	2014	2015	2016	2017		2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Expenses												
Governmental activities:												
Administrative	\$	638,612	\$ 681,612	\$ 971,740	\$ 921,424	\$ 1,112,82	21	\$ 1,257,430 \$	1,317,631	\$ 1,786,930 \$	1,501,091	\$ 1,509,906
Police		2,002,309	2,326,651	2,444,823	2,658,494	2,802,18	37	2,738,027	2,927,242	2,699,592	3,247,215	3,292,857
Streets and public works		873,257	1,010,016	1,098,260	1,157,207	1,265,43	38	1,497,527	1,571,230	1,855,913	2,018,159	2,005,266
Community development		-	-	-	-	32,60	57	45,659	69,011	14,290	48,850	118,234
Interest on long-term debt		15,021	11,371	40,321	76,001	71,10	66	66,309	65,608	122,237	531,898	549,590
Bond issuance costs		-	-	-	-		-	-	127,500	-	408,255	-
Total governmental activities expenses	_	3,529,199	4,029,650	4,555,144	4,813,126	5,284,2	79	5,604,952	6,078,222	6,478,962	7,755,468	7,475,853
Business-type activities:												
Solid waste management		117,518	124,423	115,742	146,099	176,00	55	203,550	207,954	214,677	223,996	282,228
Total business-type activities expenses		117,518	124,423	115,742	146,099	176,00	65	203,550	207,954	214,677	223,996	282,228
Total primary government expenses		3,646,717	4,154,073	4,670,886	4,959,225	5,460,34	14	5,808,502	6,286,176	6,693,639	7,979,464	7,758,081
Program revenues												
Governmental activities:												
Charges for services												
Administrative		521,249	548,667	588,343	696,135	817,48	37	810,260	973,571	1,077,079	1,350,221	1,078,315
Police		1,622,480	1,829,851	1,848,474	1,666,762	1,818,3	58	1,608,391	1,665,514	946,587	1,263,472	2,061,488
Community development		-	-	-	-	47,60)9	61,225	75,570	37,391	142,998	307,209
Operating grants and contributions		-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital grants and contributions		1,007,174	1,261,462	1,811,242	863,185	1,037,73	57	1,420,697	1,184,172	2,773,260	1,711,423	2,039,829
Total governmental activities program revenues		3,150,903	3,639,980	 4,248,059	3,226,082	3,721,2	11	3,900,573	3,898,827	4,834,317	4,468,114	5,486,841
Business-type activities:												
Charges for services		131,049	143,503	197,646	201,948	205,54	40	207,203	226,660	224,371	221,489	262,817
Total business-type activities program revenues		131,049	143,503	197,646	201,948	205,54	40	207,203	226,660	224,371	221,489	262,817
Total primary government program revenues		3,281,952	3,783,483	 4,445,705	3,428,030	3,926,7	51	4,107,776	4,125,487	5,058,688	4,689,603	5,749,658
Net (expense)/revenue												
Governmental activites		(378,296)	(389,670)	(307,085)	(1,587,044)	(1,563,00	58)	(1,704,379)	(2,179,395)	(1,644,645)	(3,287,354)	(1,989,012)
Business-type activites		13,531	19,080	81,904	55,849	29,4		3,653	18,706	9,694	(2,507)	(19,411)
Total primary government net expense		(364,765)	(370,590)	(225,181)	(1,531,195)	(1,533,59	93)	(1,700,726)	(2,160,689)	(1,634,951)	(3,289,861)	(2,008,423)
												(Continued)

City of Jonesboro, Georgia Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
General revenues and other changes in net position										_
Governmental activities:										
Taxes										
Property taxes	201,106	221,179	190,930	118,802	177,053	408,845	522,301	918,694	1,039,969	1,446,572
Franchise taxes	308,155	322,471	335,465	314,267	311,710	313,010	325,671	83,883	562,355	365,515
Sales taxes	1,147,558	1,368,749	1,465,302	1,460,207	1,688,297	2,434,649	1,518,800	1,562,248	1,728,892	1,939,222
Alcoholic beverage taxes	66,992	63,272	58,042	58,786	54,133	95,897	137,956	138,952	215,412	248,898
Hotel motel taxes	18,950	10,130	12,747	21,980	23,622	56,455	76,428	68,526	82,242	84,489
Investment earnings	2,257	2,154	2,286	2,649	20,860	13,987	21,346	10,043	597	14,590
Contributions not restricted to specific programs	4,342	2,980	8,529	25,835	38,389	40,185	35,115	250,125	32,075	130,065
Miscellaneous	112,838	97,958	117,270	150,013	138,633	251,755	190,098	136,452	73,073	239,003
Issuer fees	-	-	-	15,313	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total governmental activities general revenues										
and other changes in net position	 1,862,198	2,088,893	2,190,571	2,167,852	2,452,697	3,614,783	2,827,715	3,168,923	3,734,615	4,468,354
Business-type activities:										
Investment earnings	78	70	67	482	1,541	685	175	_	-	_
Miscellaneous	70	-	-	190	1,030	1,200	2,250	380	12,880	461
Total business-type activities general revenues										
and other changes in net position	 148	70	67	672	2,571	1,885	2,425	380	12,880	461
Total primary government general revenues			,							
and other changes in net position	 1,862,346	2,088,963	2,190,638	2,168,524	2,455,268	3,616,668	2,830,140	3,169,303	3,747,495	4,468,815
Change in net position										
Governmental activities	1,483,902	1,699,223	1,883,486	580,808	889,629	1,910,404	648,320	1,524,278	447,261	2,479,342
Business-type activities	13,679	19,150	81,971	56,521	32,046	5,538	21,131	10,074	10,373	(18,950)
Total primary government change in net position	\$ 1,497,581 \$	1,718,373	\$ 1,965,457	\$ 637,329	\$ 921,675	\$ 1,915,942	\$ 669,451	\$ 1,534,352 \$	457,634	\$ 2,460,392

City of Jonesboro, Georgia Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

		2013		2014		2015	2016	2017		2018	2019		2020		2021	2022
General Fund																
Nonspendable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	- \$	-	\$	- \$	\$	155,433	\$ 140,334
Restricted		-		-		-	-	-		-	-		-		-	-
Assigned		-		-		-	-	-		-	-		-		105,998	110,898
Unassigned		3,802,834		4,037,013	4	1,531,654	5,094,052	5,203,805		6,055,281	5,488,684		5,982,006	(6,952,639	5,958,693
Total General Fund	\$	3,802,834	\$	4,037,013	\$ 4	1,531,654	\$ 5,094,052	\$ 5,203,805	\$	6,055,281 \$	5,488,684	\$	5 5,982,006 \$	\$ 7	7,214,070	\$ 6,209,925
All Other Governmental Funds																
Nonspendable, reported in:																
Special revenue funds	\$	_	\$	-	\$	_	\$ _	\$ _	\$	- \$	_	\$	s - \$	\$	-	\$ -
Capital projects fund	•	-	•	_	•	_	_	_	•	-	-	·	-	•	60,018	-
Restricted, reported in:															,	
Special revenue funds		344,114		609,886		598,356	389,735	218,028		356,064	350,405		278,657		287,580	286,202
Capital projects fund		4,117,387		4,315,834	2	2,151,986	116,682	436,074		1,296,662	616,400		1,849,804	•	7,772,301	2,388,283
Committed, reported in:																
Special revenue funds		-		-		-	-	-		-	-		-		-	-
Capital projects fund		-		-		-	-	-		-	-		-		-	-
Assigned, reported in:																
Special revenue funds		-		-		-	15,313	40,267		-	56,857		85,194		184,573	364,414
Capital projects fund		-		-		770,869	-	-		-	-		-		-	-
Unassigned (deficit), reported in:																
Special revenue funds		-		-		(18,363)	(18,012)	6,044		-	-		-		-	-
Capital projects fund		-		-		-	-	-		-	-		-		-	-
Total all other governmental funds	\$	4,461,501	\$	4,925,720	\$ 3	3,502,848	\$ 503,718	\$ 700,413	\$	1,652,726 \$	1,023,662	\$	3 2,213,655 \$	\$ 8	8,304,472	\$ 3,038,899

City of Jonesboro, Georgia Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

	 2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Revenues:										
Taxes	\$ 1,762,113 \$	1,971,869	\$ 2,075,931	\$ 1,966,779	\$ 2,272,214	\$ 3,273,027 \$	2,570,837	\$ 2,650,377 \$	3,720,388	\$ 3,998,673
Licenses and permits	492,544	491,626	539,312	626,977	714,166	782,196	872,205	1,030,089	1,226,551	1,033,225
Intergovernmental	1,005,277	1,259,483	1,809,978	861,729	1,036,162	1,419,578	1,183,727	2,773,260	1,711,423	2,039,829
Charges for services	28,705	57,041	49,031	44,833	45,233	43,432	90,611	100,465	123,670	45,090
Fines and forfeitures	1,566,933	1,717,638	1,744,817	1,643,239	1,778,520	1,576,208	1,543,953	918,109	1,235,860	2,031,141
Interest on investments	4,154	4,133	3,550	4,105	22,455	15,106	21,791	10,043	597	14,590
Contributions and donations	4,342	2,980	8,529	25,835	38,389	40,185	35,115	250,125	32,075	130,065
Miscellaneous	112,838	97,958	117,270	150,013	177,992	278,867	237,997	147,407	352,008	526,462
Program receipts	55,547	112,213	103,657	23,523	39,838	32,183	121,561	28,478	27,612	30,347
Issuer fees	-	-	-	15,313	-	22,813	15,771	15,636	15,482	15,332
Membership fees	-	-	-	-	8,250	11,300	11,900	10,800	10,975	4,418
Total revenues	5,032,453	5,714,941	6,452,075	5,362,346	6,133,219	7,494,895	6,705,468	7,934,789	8,456,641	9,869,172
Expenditures:										
Current:										
Administrative	565,491	600,419	814,230	901,046	1,039,003	1,165,570	1,256,649	1,441,921	1,489,647	1,593,942
Police	1,841,781	2,138,253	2,229,298	2,485,964	2,629,921	2,590,331	2,784,666	2,516,919	2,785,797	3,138,018
Street and public works	500,707	622,293	628,675	689,929	735,171	733,357	806,727	730,972	1,085,918	780,383
Community development	-	-	,	-	32,667	45,659	69,011	8,881	43,441	112,825
Capital outlay:					32,007	.0,000	05,011	0,001	.5,	112,020
Administrative	_	_	199,044	26,336	301,601	189,049	871,510	456,440	_	3,715,706
Police	259,470	425,445	140,732	175,325	94,516	106,371	23,321	521,357	140,673	428,617
Street and public works	458,150	1,112,214	5,649,938	3,694,600	692,466	679,051	1,776,327	6,494,529	8,336,792	5,645,443
Community development	-	-,112,211	-	-	0,2,.00	-	126,924	-	-	-
Debt service:							,			
Principal	154,267	175,486	205,422	83,151	227,403	243,992	224,557	327,737	6,296,495	360,900
Interest	15,326	12,769	30,275	73,928	74,023	67,797	67,687	122,237	332,730	550,545
Bond issuance costs	-	12,705	80,000	,5,520	, .,025	-	127,500	-	408,255	-
Total expenditures	 3,795,192	5,086,879	9,977,614	8,130,279	5,826,771	5,821,177	8,134,879	12,620,993	20,919,748	16,326,379
	-,,,,,,,,	-,,,,,,,,	2,277,021	0,200,212	-,,,,,		0,20 1,077	,,		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues										
over (under) expenditures	 1,237,261	628,062	(3,525,539)	(2,767,933)	306,448	1,673,718	(1,429,411)	(4,686,204)	(12,463,107)	(6,457,207)
Other financing sources (uses)										
Transfers	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Financed purchases issued	132,967	70,336	97,308	149,515	-	130,071	127,500	497,019	104,827	187,489
Issuance of bonds payable	-	-	2,500,000	-	-	-	106,250	5,872,500	19,650,000	-
Proceeds from disposal of assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	31,161	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	132,967	70,336	2,597,308	149,515	-	130,071	233,750	6,369,519	19,785,988	187,489
Net change in fund balance	\$ 1,370,228 \$	698,398	\$ (928,231)	\$ (2,618,418)	\$ 306,448	\$ 1,803,789 \$	(1,195,661)	\$ 1,683,315 \$	7,322,881	\$ (6,269,718)
Debt Service as a % of										
Noncapital Expenditures	5.51%	5.30%	7.92%	3.71%	6.36%	6.43%	7.87%	8.74%	56.56%	13.94%
mouphum Emperatures	 	,0	,,,,,,,,	2., 270	0.2070		7.07.0		3 0.0 0 / 0	

City of Jonesboro, Georgia Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Tax Digest Years

Tax Digest						Motor	Heavy Duty		Less : Exemptions -	Less: Exemptions -	Net Taxable Assessed	Millage	Estimated	Assessed Value as a Percentage of
Year	Residential	Agricultural	Commercial	Industrial	Utility	Vehicle	Equipment Equipment		M&O	City	Value	Rate	Actual Value	Actual Value
														-
2013	\$ 21,685,088	\$ 30,179	\$ 38,904,986	\$ 3,010,960	\$ 7,536,676	\$ 12,259,780	\$ -	\$ 83,427,669	\$ 5,013,978	\$ 10,406,430	\$ 68,007,261	1.5	\$ 170,018,153	40%
2014	21,902,002	30,179	36,876,051	3,042,728	7,536,676	9,068,950	-	78,456,586	10,025,273	5,659,860	62,771,453	1.5	156,928,633	40%
2015	24,081,584	30,179	36,588,461	3,788,066	7,001,452	6,664,830	-	78,154,572	10,758,088	5,751,132	61,645,352	1.5	154,113,380	40%
2016	23,586,081	30,179	37,629,721	2,415,167	7,782,845	4,881,700	2,423	76,328,116	10,597,825	5,751,132	59,979,159	1.5	149,947,898	40%
2017	23,623,226	30,179	41,544,117	3,116,356	5,668,418	3,454,420	-	77,436,716	10,507,702	5,751,132	61,177,882	3.0	152,944,705	40%
2018	28,097,326	31,315	67,806,658	4,946,607	5,255,655	2,492,840	4,818	108,635,219	12,174,844	6,094,801	90,365,574	4.0	225,913,935	40%
2019	30,201,441	31,315	74,218,151	6,799,242	6,063,576	1,911,910	-	119,225,635	13,809,076	8,838,655	96,577,904	4.0	241,444,760	40%
2020	35,535,337	31,315	78,300,110	6,739,059	5,733,475	1,607,070	4,900	127,951,266	16,116,267	7,567,550	104,267,449	6.0	260,668,623	40%
2021	45,470,933	47,384	85,371,461	9,838,808	5,729,057	811,220	-	147,268,863	13,841,977	4,530,000	128,896,886	7.0	322,242,215	40%
2022	56,792,532	55,870	88,532,496	10,685,080	5,538,831	1,111,480	10,370	162,726,659	14,068,670	4,300,000	144,357,989	8.0	360,894,973	40%

Source: City Records & Clayton County Tax Commissioner

2022 Consolidation and Evaluation Digest

City of Jonesboro, Georgia Property Tax Rates Last Ten Tax Digest Years

City of Jonesboro

	City	or ourespore					
•	Maintenance and	Sales Tax		Clayton	School		Total Millage
State of Georgia	Operations	Reduction	Total City	County	District	Fire	Rate
0.150	18.77	17.27	1.50	14.661	20.000	5.000	41.311
0.100	17.94	16.44	1.50	14.869	20.000	5.000	41.469
0.050	8.90	7.40	1.50	15.862	19.095	5.000	41.507
0.000	9.92	8.42	1.50	16.596	19.095	5.000	42.191
0.000	10.64	7.64	3.00	16.596	19.095	5.000	43.691
0.000	11.88	7.88	4.00	15.596	20.000	5.000	44.596
0.000	11.78	7.78	4.00	15.596	20.000	5.000	44.596
0.000	15.35	9.35	6.00	15.089	20.000	4.906	45.995
0.000	15.35	8.35	7.00	14.746	20.000	4.750	46.496
0.000	20.10	12.10	8.00	14.746	20.000	4.750	47.496
	0.150 0.100 0.050 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000	State of Georgia Maintenance and Operations 0.150 18.77 0.100 17.94 0.050 8.90 0.000 9.92 0.000 10.64 0.000 11.88 0.000 11.78 0.000 15.35 0.000 15.35	State of GeorgiaMaintenance and OperationsSales Tax Reduction0.15018.7717.270.10017.9416.440.0508.907.400.0009.928.420.00010.647.640.00011.887.880.00011.787.780.00015.359.350.00015.358.35	State of Georgia Operations Reduction Total City 0.150 18.77 17.27 1.50 0.100 17.94 16.44 1.50 0.050 8.90 7.40 1.50 0.000 9.92 8.42 1.50 0.000 10.64 7.64 3.00 0.000 11.88 7.88 4.00 0.000 11.78 7.78 4.00 0.000 15.35 9.35 6.00 0.000 15.35 8.35 7.00	State of GeorgiaMaintenance and OperationsSales Tax ReductionTotal CityClayton County0.15018.7717.271.5014.6610.10017.9416.441.5014.8690.0508.907.401.5015.8620.0009.928.421.5016.5960.00010.647.643.0016.5960.00011.887.884.0015.5960.00011.787.784.0015.5960.00015.359.356.0015.0890.00015.358.357.0014.746	State of Georgia Maintenance and Operations Sales Tax Reduction Total City Clayton County School District 0.150 18.77 17.27 1.50 14.661 20.000 0.100 17.94 16.44 1.50 14.869 20.000 0.050 8.90 7.40 1.50 15.862 19.095 0.000 9.92 8.42 1.50 16.596 19.095 0.000 10.64 7.64 3.00 16.596 19.095 0.000 11.88 7.88 4.00 15.596 20.000 0.000 11.78 7.78 4.00 15.596 20.000 0.000 15.35 9.35 6.00 15.089 20.000 0.000 15.35 8.35 7.00 14.746 20.000	State of Georgia Maintenance and Operations Sales Tax Reduction Total City Clayton County School District Fire 0.150 18.77 17.27 1.50 14.661 20.000 5.000 0.100 17.94 16.44 1.50 14.869 20.000 5.000 0.050 8.90 7.40 1.50 15.862 19.095 5.000 0.000 9.92 8.42 1.50 16.596 19.095 5.000 0.000 10.64 7.64 3.00 16.596 19.095 5.000 0.000 11.88 7.88 4.00 15.596 20.000 5.000 0.000 11.78 7.78 4.00 15.596 20.000 5.000 0.000 15.35 9.35 6.00 15.089 20.000 4.906 0.000 15.35 8.35 7.00 14.746 20.000 4.750

Source: City Records & Clayton County Tax Commissioner

City of Jonesboro, Georgia Principal Property Taxpayers Current Year and Nine Years Ago (amounts expressed in thousands)

			2022				2013	
Taxpayer		Γaxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Value	A	axable ssessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Value
Hampstead Keystone Partners	\$	12,250	1	9.50%				
Development Authority	Ψ	18,363	2	14.25%				
BVC Crossroads South		10,818	3	8.39%				
Georgia Power Company		9,780	4	7.59%				
PM Tara Jonesboro		7,576	5	5.88%				
Low Temp Industries		6,956	6	5.40%				
Wayfield Foods		4,411	7	3.42%				
S&A Hospitality		4,299	8	3.34%				
Lansky Partnership		3,358	9	2.61%				
Comcast of GA/VA Inc		2,870	10	2.23%				
Bellsouth / AT&T Southeast					\$	8,170	1	11.54%
Georgia Power Company						6,729	2	9.50%
Comcast of GA/VA Inc						5,405	3	7.63%
GGR LLC						4,880	4	6.89%
Branch Banking & Trust Company						2,795	5	3.95%
Jack W Branan						2,421	6	3.42%
West Indies Holding Company LLC						2,336	7	3.30%
Jonesboro Shopping Center						2,300	8	3.25%
Supertel Limited Partnership						2,300	9	3.25%
Bryn-Mawr Estates						1,552	10	2.19%
Total	\$	128,896		53.09%	\$	70,800		54.92%

Source: City of Jonesboro Tax Records

City of Jonesboro, Georgia Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

Collected within the Fiscal Year of

		_	the Lev	_ C	ollections in	Total Collections to Date			
Fiscal Year	al Year Taxes Levied		Amount	% of Levy	S	ubsequent Years	A	Amount	% of Levy
2013	\$	85,981	\$ 60,816	70.7%	\$	24,078	\$	84,894	98.7%
2014		94,157	71,242	75.7%		21,516		92,758	98.5%
2015		87,304	87,156	99.8%		145		87,301	100.0%
2016		85,263	81,641	95.8%		3,338		84,979	99.7%
2017		183,534	183,471	100.0%		80		183,551	100.0%
2018		363,462	348,347	95.8%		604		348,951	96.0%
2019		386,312	322,277	83.4%		62,894		385,171	99.7%
2020		625,605	589,531	94.2%		35,671		625,202	99.9%
2021		1,135,767	1,059,256	93.3%		42,370	1	1,101,626	97.0%
2022		1,129,892	1,087,629	96.3%		-	1	1,087,629	96.3%

Source: City of Jonesboro Property Tax Receivable Records

Notes: Includes real, personal and utility taxes levied and collected

City of Jonesboro, Georgia Local Option Sales Tax History Last Ten Fiscal Years

Month	2013	2014		2015		2016	2017		2018		2019		2020		2021		2022
January	\$ 96,675	\$ 118,068	\$	120,956	\$	144,100	\$ 126,986	\$	154,477	\$	141,866	\$	137,060	\$	121,649	\$	141,542
February	92,360	97,202		108,766		109,036	179,439		145,313		126,632		110,037		129,693		141,455
March	96,002	102,860		110,302		100,114	123,685		128,087		115,528		105,367		140,321		162,509
April	80,623	167,342		111,196		121,739	136,763		162,787		126,530		111,110		140,854		155,376
May	127,234	108,812		116,524		124,318	126,909		147,607		130,942		108,534		146,856		165,446
June	77,148	113,902		110,399		126,719	137,437		151,485		129,101		121,331		148,273		160,604
July	79,808	106,558		114,001		132,186	139,023		149,750		128,533		127,164		149,944		163,700
August	78,270	114,199		145,217		129,190	144,072		128,067		135,575		101,036		145,537		165,790
September	99,518	109,097		129,816		128,492	140,411		124,418		121,390		178,085		145,179		162,294
October	100,382	114,538		126,978		129,673	134,685		110,233		123,501		121,879		145,306		156,052
November	101,274	103,825		126,476		132,065	137,025		125,663		125,198		205,200		147,094		175,184
December	118,263	112,346		144,671		82,576	161,863		109,048		118,917		135,446		168,187		189,272
Adjustment	-	-		-		-	-		797,715		-		-		-		-
Total	\$ 1,147,558	\$ 1,368,749	\$:	1,465,302	\$:	1,460,207	\$ 1,688,297	\$ 2	2,434,649	\$:	1,523,713	\$ 1	1,562,248	\$ 1	,728,892	\$ 1	,939,221

Notes:

- (1) The City's percentage of the total LOST distribution for Clayton County increased in Fiscal Year 2014. The County sent a check to adjust the amount received by the City for the months before the State accepted the new Certificate
- (2) In 2018, the City received a Lump Sum Fuel Tax Payment
- (3) In Fiscal Year 2019, our sales tax revenue decreased due to an FAA ruling that the City could no longer collect sales tax on airport jet fuel.
- (4) In 2022, the City of College Park enacted a MOST. Proceeds from those collections related to Clayton County College Park were distributed to Jonesboro beginning in 4th quarter 2022.

City of Jonesboro, Georgia Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Finance	Total Primary	Personal		Debt per	Personal Income
Bonds Payable	Contract Payable	Purchases	Government	Income	Population	Capita	(in thousands)
\$ -	\$ 235,000	\$ 88,700	\$ 323,700	0.27%	4,719	1.46%	\$ 118,834
-	120,000	98,550	218,550	0.18%	4,737	2.17%	120,448
2,500,000	-	110,436	2,610,436	2.09%	4,852	0.19%	124,876
2,500,000	-	176,800	2,676,800	2.07%	4,842	0.18%	129,175
2,350,000	-	99,397	2,449,397	1.79%	4,882	0.20%	136,769
2,200,000	-	135,746	2,335,746	1.57%	5,045	0.22%	148,944
2,172,500	103,755	68,414	2,344,669	1.47%	5,146	0.22%	159,871
7,885,000	98,591	402,860	8,386,451	5.02%	5,147	0.06%	166,902
21,370,000	93,174	381,610	21,844,784	12.62%	5,134	0.02%	173,139
21,200,000	86,973	384,399	21,671,372	14.69%	4,753	0.02%	147,500
	\$ - 2,500,000 2,500,000 2,350,000 2,200,000 2,172,500 7,885,000 21,370,000	\$ - \$ 235,000 - 120,000 2,500,000 - 2,500,000 - 2,350,000 - 2,350,000 - 2,200,000 - 2,172,500 103,755 7,885,000 98,591 21,370,000 93,174	Bonds Payable Contract Payable Purchases \$ 235,000 \$ 88,700 - 120,000 98,550 2,500,000 - 110,436 2,500,000 - 176,800 2,350,000 - 99,397 2,200,000 - 135,746 2,172,500 103,755 68,414 7,885,000 98,591 402,860 21,370,000 93,174 381,610	Bonds Payable Contract Payable Purchases Government \$ - \$ 235,000 \$ 88,700 \$ 323,700 - 120,000 98,550 218,550 2,500,000 - 110,436 2,610,436 2,500,000 - 176,800 2,676,800 2,350,000 - 99,397 2,449,397 2,200,000 - 135,746 2,335,746 2,172,500 103,755 68,414 2,344,669 7,885,000 98,591 402,860 8,386,451 21,370,000 93,174 381,610 21,844,784	Bonds Payable Contract Payable Purchases Government Income \$ - \$ 235,000 \$ 88,700 \$ 323,700 0.27% - 120,000 98,550 218,550 0.18% 2,500,000 - 110,436 2,610,436 2.09% 2,500,000 - 176,800 2,676,800 2.07% 2,350,000 - 99,397 2,449,397 1.79% 2,200,000 - 135,746 2,335,746 1.57% 2,172,500 103,755 68,414 2,344,669 1.47% 7,885,000 98,591 402,860 8,386,451 5.02% 21,370,000 93,174 381,610 21,844,784 12.62%	Bonds PayableContract PayableFinance PurchasesTotal Primary GovernmentPersonal IncomePopulation\$ -\$ 235,000\$ 88,700\$ 323,7000.27%4,719-120,00098,550218,5500.18%4,7372,500,000-110,4362,610,4362.09%4,8522,500,000-176,8002,676,8002.07%4,8422,350,000-99,3972,449,3971.79%4,8822,200,000-135,7462,335,7461.57%5,0452,172,500103,75568,4142,344,6691.47%5,1467,885,00098,591402,8608,386,4515.02%5,14721,370,00093,174381,61021,844,78412.62%5,134	Bonds PayableContract PayableFinance PurchasesTotal Primary GovernmentPersonal IncomePopulationDebt per Capita\$ - \$ 235,000\$ 88,700\$ 323,7000.27%4,7191.46%- 120,00098,550218,5500.18%4,7372.17%2,500,000- 110,4362,610,4362.09%4,8520.19%2,500,000- 176,8002,676,8002.07%4,8420.18%2,350,000- 99,3972,449,3971.79%4,8820.20%2,200,000- 135,7462,335,7461.57%5,0450.22%2,172,500103,75568,4142,344,6691.47%5,1460.22%7,885,00098,591402,8608,386,4515.02%5,1470.06%21,370,00093,174381,61021,844,78412.62%5,1340.02%

Notes: Details regarding the City's long term debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements

https://worldpopulation review.com/us-cities/jonesboro-ga-population

City of Jonesboro, Georgia Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years

					o	Amount of utstanding Debt		Total % Net Debt
	Ass	essed Value of	D	ebt Limit (10% of	Aj	pplicable to debt	Legal Debt	Applicable to
Fiscal Year	Taxable Property			assessed value		Limit	Margin	the debt limit
2013	\$	83,427,669	\$	8,342,767	\$	323,700	\$ 8,019,067	3.88%
2014		78,456,586		7,845,659		218,550	7,627,109	2.79%
2015		78,154,572		7,815,457		110,436	7,705,021	1.41%
2016		76,328,116		7,632,812		176,800	7,456,012	2.32%
2017		77,436,716		7,743,672		99,397	7,644,275	1.28%
2018		108,635,219		10,863,522		135,746	10,727,776	1.25%
2019		119,225,635		11,922,564		172,169	11,750,395	1.44%
2020		127,951,266		12,795,127		501,451	12,293,676	3.92%
2021		147,268,863		14,726,886		474,784	14,252,102	3.22%
2022		162,726,659		16,272,666		471,372	15,801,294	2.90%

Notes:

Details regarding the City's long term debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements. Under Georgia law, the City of Jonesboro's outstanding general obligation debt should not exceed 10% of total assessed property value. By law, the general obligation debt subject to the limitation may be offset by amounts set aside for repaying general obligation bonds.

City of Jonesboro, Georgia Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt As of December 31, 2022

	Debt	Percentage Applicable to the City of	Amount Applicable to the City of
Jurisdiction	 Outstanding	Jonesboro (a)	<u>Jonesboro</u>
Clayton County, Georgia - Overlapping Debt	\$ 72,000,000	1.40%	\$ 1,008,246
Subtotal Overlapping Debt			1,008,246
City of Jonesboro, Georgia - Direct Debt	21,671,372	100.00%	21,671,372
Total Direct and Overlapping Debt			22,679,618

Sources: Assessed value data used to estimate applicable percentages provided by the County. Debt outstanding provided by the County (as of December 31, 2022) and City Finance Department.

Note: Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the City. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that could place burden on the residents and businesses of the City of Jonesboro. This process recognizes that, when considering the government's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the residents and businesses should be taken into account.

(a) - The percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using the assessed gross digest. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of the City's assessed taxable value that is within the County's boundaries and dividing it by the County's total gross digest.

City of Jonesboro, Georgia Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Population (1)	Median Age (1)	Pe	er Capita Personal Income (1)	 ersonal Income in thousands)	Public School Enrollment (3)	Unemployment Rate (2)
2013	4,719	28.2	\$	25,182	\$ 118,834	637	17.6
2014	4,737	30.9		25,427	120,448	675	17.4
2015	4,852	30.9		25,737	124,876	735	17.8
2016	4,842	32.0		26,678	129,175	787	14.6
2017	4,882	32.0		28,015	136,769	850	12.4
2018	5,045	32.6		29,523	148,944	793	11.1
2019	5,146	33.0		31,067	159,871	790	7.9
2020	5,147	31.6		32,427	166,902	893	3.2
2021	5,134	31.6		33,724	173,139	895	4.1
2022	4,753	32.0		31,033	147,500	2,848	4.7

⁽¹⁾ U.S. Census Bureau - https://www.census.gov/data/tables/2022/demo/educational-attainment/cps-detailed-tables.html

⁽²⁾ Georgia Department of Labor

⁽³⁾ Clayton County Board of Education

City of Jonesboro, Georgia Ten Largest Employers in Jonesboro Current Year and Nine Years Ago

2022 2013

		2022			2013	
	Number of		Percentage of Total	Number of		Percentage of Total City
Business	Employees	Rank	City Employment	Employees	Rank	Employment
BHW Sheet Metal	230	1	16.43%	200	1	16.95%
Kroger	123	2	8.79%			
Tallman Pools	74	3	5.29%			
Wayfield Foods	49	4	3.50%			
Quik Trip Store #799	27	5	1.93%			
Hilltop Pools	23	6	1.64%			
Quik Trip Store #756	19	7	1.36%	19	4	1.61%
CVS Pharmacy #4549	19	8	1.36%			
Jonesboro Dialysis	17	9	1.21%	17	9	1.44%
Supplies Unlimited	17	10	1.21%			
Better Buy Glass/Screen				44	2	3.73%
Heritage Bank				30	3	2.54%
CSS Healthcare Services				16	5	1.36%
BB&T				14	6	1.19%
Wells Fargo Bank				11	7	0.93%
Clayton Daily News				3	8	0.25%
Starflex Corp				2	10	0.17%
Totals	598		42.72%	356		30.17%

Source: City of Jonesboro Business License Records

ARC Statistics per ESRI data compiled

City of Jonesboro, Georgia
Full Time Equivalent City Employees by Function
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
City Manager	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
City Clerk	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Assistant City Manager	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Community Development Director	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Finance Director	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Code Enforcement	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Administrative	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Chief of Police	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Lieutenant	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Sergeant	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Detective	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Police Officer	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19
Probation Officer	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Park Ranger	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Court Administrator	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1
Court Clerk	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0
Public Works Director	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Mechanic	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
General Laborer	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11

City of Jonesboro, Georgia Operating Indicators by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Police										
Number of stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Physical arrests	N/A	825	991	986	1,276	1,197	885	1,069	583	887
Traffic violations	N/A	5,811	7,102	8,145	8,633	6,734	5,551	11,387	6,532	9,191
Public Works										
Streets (sq miles)	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.4	2.6	2.6	2.6
Parks and Recreation										
Acreage	8.61	8.61	9.5	9.5	9.5	9.5	9.5	9.5	9.5	9.5
Playgrounds	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Basketball courts	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Amphitheatre	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2

City of Jonesboro, Georgia
Capital Asset Statistics by Function
Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Function/Program										
Police										
Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Patrol units	34	37	41	39	40	40	17	22	22	22
Fire stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Public works										
Streets (miles)	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.4	2.6	2.6	2.6
Parks and recreation										
Acreage	8.61	8.61	9.5	9.5	9.5	9.5	9.5	9.5	9.5	9.5
Playgrounds	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1
Sanitation										
Vehicles	1	1	1	1	1	3	3	3	4	4

Source: Various City of Jonesboro Departments





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of City Council City of Jonesboro, Georgia

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Jonesboro, Georgia as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Jonesboro, Georgia's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated June 22, 2023.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City of Jonesboro, Georgia's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Jonesboro, Georgia's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Jonesboro, Georgia's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule

of findings and questioned costs as items 2022-001 and 2022-002 that we consider to be a significant deficiencies.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether City of Jonesboro, Georgia's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no material instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

City of Jonesboro, Georgia's Response to the Finding

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the City of Jonesboro, Georgia's response to the finding identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The City of Jonesboro, Georgia's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Morrow, Georgia June 22, 2023

Fulton + Kngok, LLC

CITY OF JONESBORO, GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

2022-001: Significant Number of Proposed Adjustments

Criteria: The auditor proposed material journal entries during the audit for property

taxes receivable and finance purchases issued.

Condition: These misstatements were not discovered during the course of closing the

books and records of the City indicating a deficiency in year-end closing

procedures.

Effect: Without the adjustments made at year-end, the property tax revenue and

finance purchases issued were understated.

Recommendations: We recommend that the City review the financials and work with the finance

manager to close out the books, making any necessary adjustments.

Views of Responsible Officials and Corrective

Actions: The City agrees with this finding. Please refer to the Corrective Action Plan.

2022-002: Transfers out of SPLOST Fund

Criteria: The uniform chart of accounts states that SPLOST funds used to finance

major capital projects should be accounted for and reported in a SPLOST

fund.

Condition: The City did not follow the uniform chart of accounts guidance to account

for and report SPLOST funds used to finance major capital projects in a

capital projects fund.

Effect: Noncompliance

Recommendations: We recommend that the City pay all SPLOST related expenses from the

SPLOST Fund so that there are no transfers to other funds to cover those

costs.

Views of Responsible Officials and Corrective

Actions: The City agrees with this finding. Please refer to the Corrective Action Plan.



June 22, 2023

MANAGEMENT'S CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

Finding: 2022-001 Significant Number of Proposed Adjustments

Correction action: Management will institute measures to ensure proper statement of

financials at year-end.

Responsible Person: Nina Robinson, Finance Director

Proposed completion date: December 31, 2023

Finding: 2022-002 Transfers out of SPLOST Fund

Correction action: Management will institute measures to ensure SPLOST

expenditures will be paid out of the SPLOT Fund directly.

Responsible Person: Nina Robinson, Finance Director

Proposed completion date: December 31, 2023